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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1866.

PITTSBURGH RAILROADS IN CONGRESS.

In the House of Representatives, yesterday, Mr. Thaddeus Stevens called up and passed "a bill to construct a line of railroad between Wasington City and the Northwest, for national purposes." It is a bill to authorize the construction of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville railroad. Even conservatives in this city ought to lift their hats, and make obeisance to the great radical.

Yesterday, on the passage, by the House of Representatives, of the bill to authorize the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad Company to extend its line to Pittsburgh, the vote stood 77 to 42. Lie Blond, of Ohio, and Schofield and O'Neil, of Pennsylvania, made the principal opposition. Coffroth, Lawrence, Moorhead, Stevens and Williams voted for the bill. All the other members from this State against it. Mr. Moorhead said that the people of Western Pennsylvania demanded the passage of the bill, or one of a similar import, that communication might be facilitated out West.

General L. P. Milligan, the Indiana Son of Liberty, who was convicted of treason, and sentenced to death,—which sentence was commuted to imprisonment,—recently finished his term and went home. At Bluffton, Ia., on Friday last, he received, naturally enough, an ovation at the hands of the democrats, as a sort of martyr to their principles. He made a speech, in which he abused Lipcoln, Johnson, the Union soldiers, and almost everybody except rebels and copperheads. The Chicago *Tribune* gives a full report of this speech, and adds:

"General Milligan's views of Reconstruction coincide with those of Andrew Johnson. He holds that no further legislative action is necessary—that the wanted is to tell the Southern States to come in with their Senators and Representatives, and the work is complete. He holds the same views concerning Congress that are entertained by the President and Secretary McCulloch, although he does not call them "these men," nor does he use that elegant Indiana phrase, "Constitution tinkers." Nevertheless, he coincides with the Secretary of the Treasury in reprobating in severe terms the attempts of Congress to amend the Constitution. The only way he (Milligan) would consent to amend it would be by establishing more firmly the doctrine of State Rights. Here again he holds the views expressed by the President in his veto of the Civil Rights Bill. Indeed, the points of resemblance between the democracy of Indiana and the Johnson party are so many, that it is hard to tell where the one ends and the other begins."

The Constitutional Amendment gains strength in the Senate, and will probably pass before the week shall close. The House will concur in the changes made in the Senate. Most of the Republican members of the two Houses desired a more radical measure, but yielded from a desire to promote unity of action among themselves, and between the Houses and the Executive. Thus the door for reconciliation with the President has been opened. He has been appealed to by Republican members thus to secure harmony. Possibly he will. If he shall not, there is a strong probability that the Southern States will accept the Congressional plan, and close out the great debate.

The Republicans of Cambria county, on Monday last, nominated for Congress Daniel J. Morrell (subject to conference;) for Assembly, John J. Glass; for Associate Judges, John Williams and Charles B. Ellis; for Register and Recorder, Wm. A. McDermitt. The Convention

Resolved, That we are proud to know that the late Union Convention of the State of Pennsylvania took no step backwards, but held the flag of our country full high and strong, with liberty inscribed on its folds; that the platform of the Convention meets with our entire approbation.

The St. Louis *Dispatch* says:

"We have received intelligence, of an indisputable character, of a contemplated enterprise against the lives and liberties of the people of Missouri, which deserves grave and solemn consideration. The scheme is one to smite down the people and subject them to a hideous and insupportable despotism, under the false pretext of enforcing the law. An army is being raised, right now, for this purpose."

The Governor and other State officers are at the head of the movement. Timid people need not be alarmed.

The Sons of Ham, a colored organization at Memphis, being desirous of parading on the 8th of June, the anniversary of the re-occupation of that city by the national troops, and being warned by the rebel papers not to do so, asked Mayor Park's permission. That dignified official returned their application, with the following indorsement: "The Sons of Ham and all other sons can do just as they please, provided they do not break civil law."

The *Congressional Globe* was eagerly scanned this morning, to see if an indecent allusion to President Johnson, made yesterday by Mr. Thad. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, appeared. I am happy to say that it had been suppressed—it would have been better if it had not been said.—*New York Commercial.*

Wouldn't it be an improvement, also, if some, at least, of the "indecent allusions" to Mr. Stevens in the conservative newspapers should be "suppressed?"

The declining health of Judge Wilson, of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, has raised an expectation of a vacancy, either by resignation or otherwise, that is creating some disturbance inspolitics. It is reported that the Honorables Columbus Delano, Rufus B. Spalding and John A. Bingham are candidates for the expected vacancy.

The New York *World* grows suspicious of the Johnson Republicans. It says, in effect, that they act as if they wanted to get the offices, but do not mean to vote for Democratic candidates for Congress. If that is an impeachment, some of the persons referred to are doubtless liable to it.

The Chicago *Journal* says a private letter from London, dated May 12th, says: "The financial storm has been frightful. Sir Morton Peto, amongst others, had to suspend, but will resume and go on as before. Mr. McHenry will pass safely through."

It is confidently expected that under the House bill—which passed the Senate on Wednesday—to facilitate commercial, postal and military intercourse between the States, a deadly blow has been aimed at the Camden and Amboy monopoly.

Gen. Howard's statement to Congress of the conduct of his assistants and their subordinates in the Freedmen's Bureau, is a complete answer to the report of Generals Steadman and Fullerton.

CITY ITEMS.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c,
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

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At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

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At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Boys' Shoes for 15c.
At Concert Hall Shoe Store.

At Concert Hall Shoe Store
They warrant every pair they sell.

Gent's Broadway Walking Shoes,
Very cheap, at Concert Hall Shoe Store, No. 60 Fifth street.

All That's Desirable
In the Boot and Shoe line can be found at Concert Hall Shoe Store, No. 60 Fifth street.

Boots and Shoes
Are selling at prices at Concert Hall Shoe Store that will astonish the oldest inhabitant.

A New Lot
Of very handsome gents' Congress Boots and Oxford Ties in store to-day. Concert Hall Shoe Store.

Prices Lower
Than at any time during the last twelve months, at Concert Hall Shoe Store. Come and see.

It's an Even Thing
That you get your money's worth, at Gardiner's Concert Hall Shoe Store, No. 60 Fifth street.

Ladies,
You will find an endless variety of Boots and Shoes at Concert Hall Shoe Store, cheapest prices in the city.

Have You Seen
Those shoes that will not wear out, cost no more than any other shoes and look better, at 60 Fifth street?

The Goods
At Concert Hall Shoe Store are of the most superior quality, made to my own order and warranted superior to any in the city.

Gentlemen,
Have you seen those elegant custom made hand-sewed French calf boots, at Concert Hall Shoe Store, selling cheaper than you can buy them at the manufacturers.

Humphrey's Homœopathic
Medicines for sale at Fulton's Drug store, No. 108 Smithfield street.

Dress Goods,
Cheap for cash, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Dress Goods,
A good assortment, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Dry Goods
In great variety, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Dress Goods
Now opening, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Shellaby & Barclay
Have just opened a very cheap stock of plain lawns and plain ginghams—all colors. Call and see them, 64 and 76 Market street.

Standard Muslins
Can be bought as cheap to-day at Shellaby & Barclay's as they could one week ago, notwithstanding the advance in the last few days in the Eastern markets. Before purchasing your muslins, prints, checks and ginghams, call and see the stock, at 74 and 76 Market street.

Purest and Sweetest
Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh selected livers on the sea coast. This oil is characterized by a sweetness and purity peculiar to it alone. Its reputation is so great that it takes the lead of other oils, and is universally prescribed by physicians. Remember to ask for Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.
Caswell Mack & Co., New York,
Sole manufacturers.
For sale at wholesale in Pittsburgh by R. E Sellers & Co. At retail by all Druggists.
mh23-Fd&wtm

Most Extraordinary.
A few days ago we recorded one of the most extraordinary cures ever effected by the power of medicine. It was that of a lady in England of cancer, which had eaten off the nose, part of the cheek and neck, with a general impairment of the health. We now refer to another cure of a little girl in this city, who, after nine years of suffering, wholly unable to walk, without even being able to wear shoes on her feet, is now restored to health, so as to be able to go to school for the past seven months.

Still another of a girl eleven years of age, who, from a year old, was afflicted with sores on the head and neck. The hair of the head became matted together, and her situation was really deplorable. She is now well. Most persons who take an interest in such matters will remember the case of Mr. Boyd, who is now an active and intelligent partner in the extensive Monument: Marble and Slate Mantle Works, at 313 Libery street, Pittsburgh, who is a living witness of the healing virtues of Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher.

These cases were all cured by Dr. Keyser, of 140 Wood street, with his Blood Searcher. One of the little girls alluded to, was, perhaps, the worst case of disease ever known to get well. As many as thirty ulcers and sores covered the various parts of the body, and the bare bones were visible under the play of the muscles. Dead pieces of bone were continually worked and discharged during the use of the medicine. By its powerful purifying properties, the system put on a new action, and a new consistency was given to the blood, which drove out and cured the noxious humors and supplied in their stead healthy parts, and a proper use of the functions which keep up and animate the powers of life.

In purchasing, ask for "Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher," and take no other. Look for the name of "Geo. H. Keyser" over the top of the bottle. Sold by the proprietor, 140 Wood street, and at Geo. A. Kelly's, Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

Be On the Alert! Danger is at Hand.
This has been a sickly season. The medical faculty prophesy evil in the future. They think pestilence is on the wing for America. Suppose this to be true, what is the best defense against it? REDOUBLED NERVOUS VIGOR. This is the only protection against PANIC, as well as against the PRINCIPLE OF INFECTION. Why do not those who predict the epidemic propose an adequate preventive? There IS one; a tonic, nervine and alterative, competent to shield the system against the subtle elements of disease, whether they flow hither on the winds from distant lands or rise like vapor from our own soil, or are incorporated with the universal fluid. This ONE PREVENTIVE, of which there is no duplicate among the compounds either of the Old World or the New, is
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.
Remember that it is a specific for all the complaints which lay the system open to visitations of deadly epidemics. If you are dyspeptic, it renews the vigor of your digestive powers, gives you appetite, and restores your cheerfulness. If you are nervous, it invigorates every fibre of your nervous system; from the base of the brain, where it begins, to the extremities, where it terminates. If you are bilious, it disciplines your unruly livers and brings the action of that organ into harmony with the laws of health. It is, in short, an invigorant and alterative so powerful that Nature, with Hostetter's Bitters for her ally, may bid defiance alike to native malaria and foreign infection. If this enemy we hear of, this disease which is desolating Europe, is really bound hitherward, it behooves the *prudent to put on their armor*, to clothe themselves with invulnerability as far as human means will permit, by preparing the system for resistance with this pure vegetable antidote.

Are sold, wholesaled and retail at very low rates at Wm. Ingle Irwin and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 61 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, and Fourth street.

CITY ITEMS.

The Best Yard Wide
Twenty-five cent muslin in the city, just been opened, at Shellaby & Barclay's.

Black Silks
On the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

The Security Life Insurance Company.
Of New York, as its name imports, is conducted with a careful regard to the legitimate object of Life Insurance, *security*. Office No. 3 Fifth street.

Keeler's Patent Nett and Tare Scale.
At Park Brothers' Steel Works, shows the weight of wagon and the weight of the load, both at the same time, in plain figures, but separately. It saves all mistakes. Nothing equal to it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.
The only remedy ever discovered that will surely and permanently cure dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache, and enable dyspeptics to eat hearty food without fear of distress, can be obtained at all our drug stores.
Agent for Pittsburgh, Joseph Fleming, Druggist, No. 81 Market street.

Cheap Hats.
A large and fashionable stock of all the new and fashionable styles of Hats and Caps, at the extensive and popular house of Wm. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street. Gent's Fine Silk and Cassimere Hats, French Felt Hats, Men and Boys' Fur and Wool Hats; Gent's, Boys' and Children's Straw Goods and Misses' Hats, wholesale or retail.

A Full Line
Of all kinds of fine and medium grade white goods, such as plain, barred and striped goods jaconets and nainsooks, plain and striped swisses, mulls, brilliants, victoria and bishop lawns, &c. An auction lot of the above goods just opened, at Shellaby & Barclay's, and will be sold very cheap. Call and see this stock, at the original bee hive stand, 74 and 76 Market street.

A Card.
Mr. Charles Barnard, Clerkenwell, London, begs leave to inform the public of the United States that he is about to introduce to their notice a new pen, recently made by him, called the Carbonized Pen, being rendered, from its peculiar construction, less liable to corrode than the ordinary Steel Pen. Mr. Barnard feels confident it will be used in preference to even that of gold. The point being extremely smooth, it is peculiarly adapted to rough and unglazed paper. With Arnold's writing fluid or red ink the Carbonized Pen has no equal.

TELEGRAMS.

ADDITIONAL BY THE COSTA RICA.

Panama in a State of Excitement.

THE GOVERNMENT UNPOPULAR AND FEEBLE.

Defeat of Spaniards at Callao.

New York, May 31.—Since the sailing of the last steamer, Panama has been kept in a state of excitement by the report of a revolution being nightly expected. The present Government is so unpopular and feeble that, with a force of only three hundred soldiers, it is in hourly dread of being turned out of power, and it can only keep itself in office by the most stringent measures. Great disappointment has been felt by the residents of Panama that President Mosquera did not visit the Isthmus and see for himself the evils of an administration requiring a standing army to support against the *vox popoli*.

The last steamer from the South brings confirmation of the defeat of the Spaniards at Callao. The Spaniards received a most signal defeat, and have left in terrible disgrace, it is said, for Montevideo.

Prior to his departure from Callao, Admiral Nunez, the Spanish Commander, addressed a communication to the British Consul, saying, in the usual bombast in which he writes, that having chastised the province, he now leaves the waters of the Pacific, but at any time to return, in the event of Peru again growing insolent. It may be added, that his dispatch does not contain one solitary truth; that it is entirely fictitious.

Trade on the coast is brightening up again and will be all right in a couple of months.

There is no news of importance from Central America.

Guatemala has declined to join Chili and Peru against Spain, as have also Salvador and Costa Rica, and very sensibly, too, for it would be of no use, their making a declaration of war, when they are in no condition to fight.

THE CHOLERA AT NEW YORK.

Forty-nine New Cases at the Lower Quarantine.

New York, May 31.—Eleven new cases of cholera are reported on the steamer Union, and thirty-eight on the steamer Peruvian at the lower quarantine. The number of sick received on the hospital ship, May 30th, from the Union was forty-five, and from the Peruvian twenty-nine, of whom fourteen died.

Steamboat Explosion on the Mississippi —Loss of Life—Steamer Snagged.

Memphis, May 31. The steamer Ben Memphis, from New Orleans for St. Louis, exploded at the foot of Buck Island, forty miles below here, at eight o'clock this morning, tearing away the forward cabin and setting the boat on fire. She had twenty-eight cabin and sixty deck passengers. The following are among the lost: Mr. Smith, of Evansville, Indiana; Mrs. Doune, of Deagle's Varieties; Pilot, Frank Bourge; Engineer Britton, Assistant Engineer Hauger, St. Louis; First Engineer, Harrison Fox; Second Steward, C. A. Hambleton; cabin boy, James Robinson. The following were scalded: Mr. Wakefield, St. Louis; Mrs. Seldon, Jefferson; Samuel Harris, Second Mate, leg broken; Nicholas Burns, Fireman, leg broken; Smith, Third Engineer, slightly. About sixty persons are supposed lost and injured.

The steamer St. Patrick brought up the survivors. The City of Memphis was owned by the Atlantic Steamship Company, valued at ninety thousand dollars, and insured.

The steamer Prairie State struck a snag south of a bend in the Arkausas river, on Tuesday night, and sank over a lower deck. She was owned in St. Louis. She will be raised. There are no further particulars.

The clothing store of Mr. Tillmann, on front street, took fire this morning. The flames communicated to the commission house of Neville, Rose & Company, and M. Wolfe. The fire spread rapidly but finally was checked. The loss is thirty thousand dollars, mostly insured.

Detailed Account of the Bombardment at Callao.

New York, May 31.—A Panama paper furnishes a detailed account of the bombardment of Callao. It appears that after the failure of Nunez to make any serious impression upon the forts, he directed his fire upon the city of Callao, but the rather feeble artillery was removed before the engagement; and although three thousand shot and shell were thrown into the city, the injury inflicted was trifling. After the bombardment, Admiral Nunez addressed a singular letter to the British Charge d' Affaires, in which he says: Having chastised Peru for the insult and outrage offered by her Government, by the bombardment of Callao and the attack on her fortifications, of whose many and very great guns there were only two in use, the fire of this squadron, when I retired to its anchorage. The undersigned has the honor to announce that from this date the blockade of Callao is raised, and the squadron leaves the waters of Peru, at the same time assuring him that if the Government of Spain should think proper to offer injuries to be done to Spanish residents in Peru, the naval forces of her Catholic Majesty will return to these waters and revenge the same.

The fleet has sailed from before Callao, and business was being resumed.

Another Fire in St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 31.—A building on Market street, opposite the Court House, known as Wyman's Hall, recently occupied as the Metropolitan Theatre, and several adjoining stores were burned to-night. The loss is estimated at $50,000; partially insured.

The loss by the fire on Wednesday night is much larger than was at first supposed. About 2,000 barrels of whisky were burned. The total loss by the fire was over $200,000, mostly insured. The Government tax was not paid on the whisky.

Preparation of a New Tariff Bill—Expected Large Return of Government Bonds.

New York, May 31.—The evening papers say a new tariff bill is preparing in the Treasury Department.

An army surgeon just from Texas gives gloomy accounts of affairs in that State.

Advices received by the Government from Germany, indicate a large return of United States bonds within the next few months, in consequence of the unsettled condition of affairs in Europe.

The Test Oath in Georgia—Act of Congress Repugnantto the Constitution.

Augusta, Ga., 31.—In the case of W. Law, contesting the constitutionality of the Test Oath as applied to lawyers in the United States Court at Savannah, Judge Erskine to-day decided that the act of Congress approved January 24th, 1865, could not be interpreted to apply to this case, is repugnant to the Constitution of the United States.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Appointments Confirmed by the Senate—Wheat Shipped from Europe to America, the First Instance on Record—Quarantine Regulations—Thirty-five Million Dollars of Gold Sold by the Government Since the 1st ultimo —Report on the Timber Question.

Washington, May 31.—The Senate in executive session to-day, confirmed the nomination of James Wilson, of Indiana, as Minister resident at Venezuela, William Faxon, of Connecticut, to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy, vice Foster resigned, and the latter to be an additional Secretary of the Navy for six mouths under the recent act of Congress. The Senate also confirmed William P. Smith, so long and so popularly known as Master of Transportation of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third district of Maryland. Edward Fox to be Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine, and James L. Smith, of Iowa, to be Agent at the Otoe and Missouri Agency.

Our consul at Liverpool writes, under date of May 18th: "Some two weeks ago I advised you of the shipment from this port to New York of some five thousand bushels of wheat. I now have to inform the Department of State that the City of York, which sails to-morrow takes as freight four hundred and ninety-eight casks of French wheat flour, valued at one thousand and forty-six pounds sterling. I think this is the first instance of the shipment of French flour from this port for the United States, and probably the first time flour has ever been shipped as merchandise from Europe to America."

The secretary of the Treasury has addressed a circular to Collectors of Customs directing attention to the joint resolution of Congress, approved May 26th, 1866, and the act of February 25th, 1799, repealing quarantine and health laws. He says: "You will, without delay, place yourselves in communication with your respective State and municipal authorities, and with them, so far as the force under your control will permit, in executing such quarantine and health laws and regulations, as may be established by them, to prevent the introduction of cholera into the ports of the United States."

The following is an official translation, from *La France* newspaper, of the 30th of May:

"The embarkation of Austrian volunteers for Mexico has been countermanded. Those enlisted have been discharged, and in the vicinity of Trieste have been enrolled in the army of the north."

The Attorney General has decided that the act of March 3d, 1865, withdraws and appropriates to the Vallejo claimants, all the lands within the limits of the Suscal Ranch in California, where claimants may establish their rights according to the requirements of that law. This decision has been sanctioned by the secretary of the Interior, and becomes an authoritative interpretation of the act in question, and will govern all cases coming up under the act of 1865. The register and receiver at San Francisco will be instructed accordingly.

The Commissioner of the Land Office has issued a circular, calling upon the Surveyor General to report the number of acres of auriferous land and its location under their supervision. The report of the Secretary of the Treasury, with reference to the sales of gold, will probably be sent to Congress on Monday.

It is stated it will show total sales amounting to nearly $35,000,000, at a premium since the first inst., of 30½ per cent. Also, that no gold was sold in March and April, for a less premium than 27 per cent.

It is said an exhaustive report upon the timber question of the West was to-day transmitted to the House Committee on Public Lands by Joseph S. Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, in reply to a call for information under the resolution of Representative Donnelly, as to the expediency of adding experiments in promoting the growth of forests on the Western plains. Judge Edmonds states that the vast Western plains can and can only be rendered habitable by planting forests which will fertilize and moisten the soil, soften and modify the climate, and protect men, animals and crops from the desolating winds of those regions. The supply of timber in the Western States of the Union is shown to be very meagre. While the prairie region is vast in extent, while our population has arisen from three to thirty-three millions, we have gone through and surrounded the primeval forests and now enter upon the margin of the great treeless waste with our original store thereof consumed, the demand accelerated and the consumers to increase from thirty-three to fifty millions during this century beyond the time fifty years of the last century, and unless we commence to grow forests, we may be driven to the use of boards three inches wide, as in China at the present day. It is not apparent that we should at once cease to needlessly destroy and commence to produce timber.

The Commissioner thinks the object cannot be accomplished by granting alternate sections of land, as the homestead act already gives land upon the condition of settlement, for the cost of planting and caring for infant forests. Alternate sectional grants would be an inadequate consideration. He is not prepared to recommend any general system to encourage the growth of forests, but thinks one may be matured after free discussion, and when information is compiled as to the extent of natural forests, &c., which is now being prepared by the agents of this office. He closed with three suggestions:

First. That the Homestead act be so amended as to oblige the planting of trees by the actual settlers, and that Congress may require them to plant the seeds of trees adapted to the climate around each establishe corner; third, that grants of railroad, hereafter made for the purpose of demonstrating the possibility and feasibility of growing forests upon the great western plains. Such an experiment would stimulate individual enterprise in that direction, which, after all, is the only reliable and efficient power for so great a work, and it would furnish facts which might aid in the development of some general system.

THE FENIANS.

One Thousand Stand of Arms Seized—Great Sensation at Toronto—Sweeny Believed to be Desperately in Earnest —Government of Canada Censured for Withdrawing Troops from the Frontier—A Blow About to be Struck—Fenians Collecting on the St. Lawrence—Canadian Cabinet Called and Ministers Hurrying to Ottawa.

New York, May 31.—A special dispatch to the *Herald*, from Toronto, on the 31st, says:

The *Daily Telegraph*, of this evening, has a dispatch from Montreal to-day, saying one thousand Fenians were arrested at St. Albans yesterday, concealed in a box marked machinery. When seized they were turned over to the civil authorities at Burlington, where their claimants may establish their rights according to the requirements of that law. This decision has been sanctioned by the secretary of the Interior, and becomes an authoritative interpretation of the act in question, and will govern all cases coming up under the act of 1865. The register and receiver at San Francisco will be instructed accordingly.

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Decoration of Graves of Confederate Soldiers.

Richmond, May 31.—The floral decoration of the graves of Confederate soldiers buried at Hollywood, for which extensive preparation had been made, took place to-day. Business was suspended in the city, and nearly the entire white population repaired to the cemetery during the day, to take part in, or witness the memorial honor. There was no speaking or formal ceremony. The proceedings passed off quietly and without accident. The weather was clear and delightful.

Suicide at Poughkeepsie.

Poughkeepsie, May 31.—A young man named Jacob Anthes, committed suicide in this city this afternoon, by blowing his brains out with a pistol. He was for an extensive merchant in business and live. The affair has created considerable excitement.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

SENATE.

Washington, May 31, 1866.

Mr. Ramsey, from the Naval Committee, reported a resolution for the relief of General Forbes, contractor for the building of the iron clad "Idaho."

Mr. Wilson, from the Committee of the two Houses on the death of Gen. Scott, reported a resolution of respect and veneration for the memory of the deceased, and that, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, when the two Houses adjourned today, it be to meet on Monday next, and that a Joint Committee of seven Senators and nine Representatives be appointed to represent Congress at the funeral of the Lieutenant General.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The Senate agreed to report a Committee of Conference on the bill to amend the Pension Laws.

The Tax Bill was received from the House and referred to the Finance Committee.

The Reconstruction resolution was taken up. The pending question was on the substitute for section No. 5.

Mr. Doolittle moved to amend by inserting the words "voluntarily shall have" before the words "engaged in insurrection." Rejected, by 10 against 30.

Mr. Doolittle opposed the section above given as a new punishment for an offence already committed. He objected to it as making no distinction between those who were forced into the rebellion and those who voluntarily entered into it. It was founded in injustice, and would not and ought not to receive the sanction of the Southern states. It was preposterous that the resolution would be passed, having been agreed upon in the caucus, but it seemed to him (Doolittle,) that the senate ought to pause, before involving in like punishment both the guilty and the innocent. Here was another objection to the pending section. It annulled all the pardons and amnesties granted by the President by authority of Congress, under an act of July 17th, 1862. These pardons restored those to whom they were extended to their full rights as citizens.

Mr. Johnson said the Supreme Court had substantially so decided.

Mr. Grimes said what Mr. Doolittle held was true as to pardons already consummated. The object of the section now pending, however, was not punishment for what was past, but a preventive against what was in the future, by being reasonable that those who had rebelled once would do so again, unless some precaution was taken to prevent them.

Mr. Doolittle read from the President's Amnesty Proclamation to show that full pardon and amnesty and restoration to all rights of citizens, were granted under it. He believed if the present Congress had permitted the loyal Representatives from the South to take their seats at the beginning of the session United States bonds would be ten per cent. higher than they are now, and he believed further, that if this had been done Maximilian would be out of Mexico.

Mr. Doolittle moved to except those who duly received pardon and amnesty. Rejected. The section was then adopted, by 27 against 10.

Further consideration of the subject was postponed till Monday.

The Chair announced the Committee to attend the funeral of Gen. Scott, as follows: Messrs. Wilson, Johnson, Lane, (of Indiana), Davis, Grimes, Anthony and Nesmith.

Mr. Chandler introduced a bill to amend the National Currency act, authorizing the issue of one hundred millions notes additional to the three hundred millions provided for in section twenty-two of said act; provided, not over five millions be issued within six months from the passage of this act, and not over two millions per month thereafter; and provided any existing bank applying before October next, if approved by the Comptroller as in good standing, shall have authority to become a national bank; and provided also that banks of unimpaired capital in States having the least relative amount of circulating notes, shall have preference in receiving such authority; and provided the entire amount given to National banks converted from State banks shall not exceed fifteen millions, and preference shall be given such States and Territories as have not only secured their ratable proportion of circulating notes, but to equalize the apportionment of four hundred millions, but also amends the National Bank act to require banks in New York, Boston and Philadelphia to have on hand at all times, in lawful money of the United States, at least twenty-five per cent. of the aggregate amount of its notes in circulation and deposits. If below twenty-five per cent., such banks cannot make loans or discounts, or pay dividends, until the required proportion is attained, provided that clearing-house certificates be deemed lawful money.

The act is also amended as follows: Each association to select, subject to the approval of the Comptroller, an association in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, in which to redeem its circulating notes at par. It is also amended by striking out the exemption from State taxation.

Mr. Grimes, from the Naval Committee, reported, with amendment, the bill to define, number and regulate the appointment of officers in the navy. The active list of the navy to be one Admiral, one Vice Admiral, ten Rear Admiral, twenty-five Commodores, fifty Captains, ninety Commanders, one hundred and eighty Lieutenant Commanders, one hundred and eighty Lieutenants, one hundred and sixty Masters, one hundred and sixty Ensigns, and in other grades the number now required by law, including the retired list, the total number of Rear Admirals is not to exceed twenty-one.

After Executive Session, adjourned.

HOUSE.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, the Senate amendments to the House bill to facilitate commercial, postal and military communication among the several States were taken from the Speaker's table and concurred in. The bill, therefore, has passed both Houses.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill to promote the construction of a line of railroad from Pittsburgh, Pa., to Cleveland, Ohio, which was under discussion when the morning hour expired.

Yesterday Mr. Le Blond made an argument against the principle of Congress assuming such authority as is proposed in this bill and that reported yesterday by Mr. Stevens to promote the construction of a line of railroad between Washington and the Northwest. He did not believe that Congress possessed sovereign rights power each State in every essential particular.

Mr. Schofield opposed the bill, contending that the proper action to be taken by Congress would be the passage of a general bill instead of a special one.

Mr. Moorhead argued in favor of the bill, and expressed the hope that both it and the bill to construct a line between Washington and the north west would pass.

Mr. O'Neil opposed the bill, arguing that it was unnecessary, as the State of Pennsylvania had always been liberal to the neighboring States in regard to Railroad franchise.

Mr. Eggleston spoke in support of the bill, and Mr. Coffroth followed on the same side.

The debate was closed by Mr. Garfield in advocacy of the bill. He concluded by moving the previous question, which was seconded by the House. The bill was then passed by a vote of 77 to 41.

The following bills, etc., were taken from the table and appropriately referred: To regulate the transportation of nitro-glycerine or giant powder; for the relief of Postmaster Thomas Turner; the Senate's amendments to the House bill to amend the postal laws; authorizing the appointment of Examiners to examine a site for a fresh water basin for ironclads.

Mr. Lynch moved that the joint resolution be put upon its passage, and moved the previous question.

Mr. Le Blond suggested that it should be referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Lynch insisted that the proposition was simply to examine a site for iron clads near Portland, Me. It was intended to detail, for this purpose, some officers of the naval station. It was simply a matter of inquiry, and he did not see any reason why it should be referred. The joint resolution was read three times and passed.

The following were presented: Several acts relating to the District of Columbia, and several pension bills approved for the payments of bounties to certain Indian tribes; providing for the payment of certain military forces; to protect American citizens engaged in lumbering on the St. Croix river, in the State of Maine.

On motion of Mr. Pike, the House proceeded to consider this bill, and after some discussion it was passed.

The Speaker presented a message from the Senate on the subject of the death of Lieutenant General Winfield Scott, and on motion of Mr. Schenck the concurrent resolution providing for an adjournment until Monday, and for a deputation of members of Congress to the obsequies of the departed soldier, was agreed to unanimously.

Mr. Hersham, from the committee of Conference on the bill amendatory of the pension tax, made a report which was agreed to.

The bill reported yesterday to promote the construction of a railroad from Washington to Point of Rocks, was passed by 95 against 37.

A resolution was adopted that the Committee on Pensions inquire into the propriety of increasing the pensions to the widows of deceased soldiers and sailors of the recent war in proportion to the number of children under sixteen years of age.

A message from the President was received, enclosing further reports of Gens. Steedman and Fullerton in reference to the operations of the Freedmen's Bureau. Referred.

A bill was introduced to enlarge the powers of the national courts in equity.

The bill to reduce the pay of officers and regulate Paymasters of the army, was debated.

Adjourned till Monday.

The House Committee on Ways and Means to attend the funeral of Gen. Scott are: the Speaker, Messrs. Schenck, Denning, Marston, Rosseau, Bingham, Ancona, Kelley, Banks and Stevens. Mr. Banks is in place of Mr. Blaine, excused.

Suspension of Business in Honor of General Scott—Striking Shipwrights Pre-ate.

New York, May 31.—A Committee of the Common Council have passed resolutions requesting the suspension of business in the city to-day in honor of the memory of the late General Scott. The Mayor and other city officials will proceed to West Point to-morrow morning to take part in the funeral ceremonies.

The striking shipwrights had a pic-nic at Jones' woods to-day. Six thousand persons were present, and speeches were made sustaining the strike

River at Louisville.

Louisville, May 31.—The River is falling slowly, with four feet one inch of water in the Canal.

A large hay laden was sunk, and is obstructing the channel.

Newspaper Man Resigned.

New York, May 31.—Sidney Howard Gay, for some time managing editor of the *Tribune*, has resigned his position, but still retains his connection with that journal as leading writer.

FROM BOSTON.

Meeting of the Impartial Suffrage League—The Resolutions Presented.

Boston, May 31.—The Impartial Suffrage League held a meeting in Faneuil Hall at noon to-day, at which Governor Bullock presided. The meeting, though not large, was enthusiastic. A series of resolutions were presented, which declare: First—That the same spirit which caused the rebellion still postpone, and it may, unless conquered, prevent a lasting peace. Second—The consummation of the work of national security and safety demands the earnest co-operation of the entire loyal people. Third—Thanks to Congress for its courage, firmness and fidelity in resisting the admission of rebels to Congress. Fourth—The true doctrine of reconstruction is that defeated rebels have no civil or political rights which loyal men are bound to respect, and that nine Representatives be appointed to represent Congress at the funeral of the Lieutenant General.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The Senate agreed to report a Committee of Conference on the bill to amend the Pension Laws.

The Tax Bill was received from the House and referred to the Finance Committee.

The Reconstruction resolution was taken up. The pending question was on the substitute for section No. 5.

Mr. Doolittle moved to amend by inserting the words "voluntarily shall have" before the words "engaged in insurrection." Rejected, by 10 against 30.

Mr. Doolittle opposed the section above given as a new punishment for an offence already committed. He objected to it as making no distinction between those who were forced into the rebellion and those who voluntarily entered into it. It was founded in injustice, and would not and ought not to receive the sanction of the Southern states. It was preposterous that the resolution would be passed, having been

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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NELSON P. REED }

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1866.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

SHERIFF:
SAMUEL R. CLULEY, City.
CLERK OF COURT:
JOHN G. BROWN, Hampton Tp.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEXANDER MILLS, City.
RECORDER:
HENRY SHIVELY, City.
REGISTER:
JOSEPH M. GRAY, Plum Tp.
COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON, City.
DIRECTOR OF POOR:
JOHN P. DRAVO, Mifflin Tp.
ASSEMBLY:
JOHN P. GLASS, City.
GEORGE WILSON, Pitt Tp.
SAMUEL GILMORE, Collins Tp.
R. A. COLVIN, City.
WILLIAM PETER, Ross Tp.
GEORGE Y. McKEE, North Fayette Tp.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Mr. HENRY W. TRACY is a gentleman of excellent social position and character, but is endowed with only a common measure of understanding and culture. His home looks out upon the Susquehanna river, at Standing Stone, a few miles below the beautiful and thriving borough of Towanda. He followed the fortunes of the Whig party until it was dissolved.

His political associates failed to discover in him the elements which constitute natural greatness, or even the lesser qualities which render a man serviceable in the performance of public functions. On the other hand, he was possessed by an ambition to circumvent nature, and become a statesman. This sharp difference of judgment induced in him an uncomfortable frame of mind. A morbid self-consciousness overmastered him. He became discontented, querelous, exacting.

At last, to appease his disquietude, he was sent to the Legislature for two years in succession. It so fell out that the Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS occupied a seat in the House during the same two years. Agreeing in sentiment and opinion on public questions, Mr. WILLIAMS, as a vastly superior intellectual force, so attracted Mr. TRACY that he revolved around him, in an eccentric orbit, as a satellite. As a mental study the phenomenon presented was interesting; as a political appearance it was thoroughly ridiculous.

Mr. TRACY did not so understand the matter; and he became intensely desirous of figuring in the broader and more conspicuous field of Congressional life. The Republicans thought they could do better, in the person of Mr. GEORGE LANDON, and they made him their candidate. A year or more previously, that gentleman, as a member of the State Senate, had voted for the repeal of the Tonnage Tax on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Mr. TRACY raised a clamor against Mr. LANDON on account of that vote, and announced himself as an independent candidate. The Democrats joined in the clamor, and adopted Mr. TRACY, notwithstanding his avowed abolitionism. Mr. LANDON, two or three weeks before the election, withdrew, and the canvass resulted in Mr. TRACY's election This was four years ago. In the House of Representatives he acted with the most advanced wing of the Republicans.

Two years ago Mr. TRACY was again an independent candidate, with democratic support. He was beaten out of sight by Mr. ULYSSES MERCUR, who will, doubtless, be re-elected next fall.

But Mr. TRACY's ambition has not yet entirely consumed itself. Enamored of the part he fancied he played at Washington, and of the admiration he elicited, he is anxious to re-appear on that stage, and in an entirely new character. After having acted the part of a flaming radical, he wants, if any persons retain a recollection of him, to surprise them, by acting the role of a frigid conservative.

Hence, he has espoused the President's Policy. With the aid of the democrats, on the 8th of May, he got up a meeting at the Court House in Towanda. Of course, he was quite at home in that crowd. He made a speech, the ingredients of which were a large stock of passion and a mild flavoring of common sense. A string of resolutions were adopted, endorsing the President, denouncing the action of Congress, condemning the action of both the Democratic and Republican State Conventions, and recommending the convocation of a new one, in order that the nation might not perish through lack of wisdom and patriotism. The proceedings of this meeting were appropriately sent for publication to the Bloomsburg *Columbian*, the organ of Senator BUCKALEW. As the meeting was designed simply as a grist for the democratic mill the right shop was selected to grind out the proceedings.

No republican need have any apprehensions concerning Bradford county. Mr. TRACY is played out, and ought, from sheer self-respect, to subside. But he won't. There was a time that "when the brains were out, a man would die." As so much discretion is no longer practiced, he must be allowed to act his farce.

In the 25th ward of Philadelphia, on last Monday night, a meeting of the admirers of President JOHNSON was called to organize a National Union Club. To their great surprise, the friends of "My Policy" were decisively voted down. To add to their discomfiture resolutions of this sort were adopted:

Resolved, That the conduct of certain smock-faced Republicans, who would sell their birthright for a mess of pottage, to obtain a share of the public plunder, and to oust men of known Republican principles, is against our idea of right and wrong.

Resolved, That the conduct of Edgar Cowan, the Catoline of Pennsylvania, in voting with the secession Democracy, so-called, meets with our most hearty condemnation.

Resolved, That the course pursued by the national Union members in Congress in guarding against the admission of delegates from the rebellious States meets with our hearty approbation, and that we approve of the noble stand taken by them to reconstruct the Union on correct principles.

On the 27th of June the venerable AMOS KENDALL leaves this country for a pleasure tour of a year in Europe. Thirty-two years ago, as Postmaster-General of ANDREW JACKSON's Cabinet, Mr. KENDALL permitted Southern Postmasters to rifle the mails and burn the anti-Slavery matter contained therein. In 1865 the same AMOS KENDALL gave $84,000 to found the most anti-Slavery Baptist Church in Washington.

MR. CLEMENS.—There is no longer any probability of the withdrawal of this gentleman from the position he holds as the Democratic candidate. It is much more probable that he will soon receive the open support of the supporters of "My Policy" among the Republicans.

The New York *Times* well says:

"If the people of the South knew the damage done them by the rabid newspapers which they support, as we know it here, they would very quickly compel them to change their tone. In a political point of view, these papers are in a large measure responsible for the treatment the Southern States are receiving at the hands of Congress. But they also prevent the South from obtaining those means of development which she so greatly needs. They prevent the flow of capital required in her cotton fields, in her manufactories and workshops, by her merchants and traders, by her railroads and steamboat lines, for her public improvements and the service of the State. They hinder Northern travel and intercourse, and prevent the flow of labor and emigration."

This is a virtual confession that Congress, and those who sustain Congress, are actuated by a wise caution. Nothing can be plainer than that the tone of the Southern journals, excites uneasiness, if not alarm, in every thoughtful man. But the *Times* seems to assume that the Southern journals do not truly represent the views and feelings which prevail among the masses of the Southern people. We see no evidence that this assumption is warranted by the facts; but much evidence to the contrary. Nay; we see that the censurable tone of the Southern press has increased in intensity just in proportion as the President has pressed his peculiar Policy; and to the hopes so inspired that it might be successful. If the President would show a determination to concert with Congress the needful measures of restoration, the notes of defiance and threatening which now float from the South on every breeze, would speedily be heard no more.

THE Chambersburg *Repository* says:

"We assure the Pittsburgh *Gazette*, one of the most faithful and able of our Pennsylvania Union journals, that we are more than 'content' to resist the pretensions of all aspirants for the United States Senatorship whose antecedents indicate that he could be corrupted, or who shall have failed in the progress of the canvass to show beyond all possibility of doubt where he stands and how he will act.' It is just our platform, and these columns will maintain it at every hazard. We would trust no weak or selfish ambition in the Senate, with the spoils of a reckless and abandoned administration to be given out for two years of his term, and we shall resist the election of any and every man who could under any circumstances afford to prostitute himself before the blandishments of power. We have men whose attested patriotism and undimmed fame will be a full protection against perfidy, and none others should be considered by the Union party as proper candidates."

This is exactly the answer we wanted and expected. If this shall be accepted all round as the right position, and from which no departure shall be encouraged or tolerated, much good would accrue. Every politician, reasonably familiar with the aspect of the whole Commonwealth, knows full well that indications exist of trouble on the Senatorship question. At least two distinct schemes are concocting for the election of a quasi Republican by Democratic votes. It ought to be understood that any Republican who shapes his course specially to placate the Democrats and make them willing to accept him shall be ruled out as undeserving of consideration. That is our ground; and we shall stand on it to the end. Who else besides the *Repository* stands with us?

"INDEX," writing in the Armstrong *Republican*, says:

"Massachusetts, looking to her own aggrandisement, seldom changes an able, true and faithful representative, and consequently her Senators and Representatives have been remarkable for their power and influence over the nation. At this time it would be unwise and impolitic for this district to pursue a different course from that of the Bay State, especially as we have a faithful, honest, true and upright representative in the person of Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS—an orator of rare power, a statesman of superior ability, and a man worthy of the confidence of the people. Since he entered upon his official duties, during the present session, his record has been so clear, his voice so loud for freedom, his power against usurpation so marked, that it is my solemn impression he should not be changed for any other, as his place could not be easily so well filled."

The Deficiency in the Wheat Crop.

E. D. Mansfield, the statigian of Ohio, in a communication published in the Cincinnati *Gazette*, says of the coming wheat crop:

"Making allowance for much exaggeration, we think the wheat crop of Ohio for 1866 can not be accounted above half an average crop. Indiana is not very different in its condition. Illinois is better, but will fall much below a full crop. Kentucky, from all accounts, is about the same as Ohio. It is probable that the more Northern States are in better condition, but on the other hand, they do not produce so much. On the whole, we must look for a large falling off. In two or three States we can make a tolerable accurate estimate. "Twenty-three millions of bushels may be considered the fair average product of wheat in this State. If so, and we have but half the average crop, we have lost more than eleven millions of bushels, equivalent to two million two hundred and fifty barrels of flour. In this estimate the proportion of a half crop is assumed, and each one will of course judge for himself about that. "Supposing that the falling off in Illinois and Kentucky is one third, and in Indiana one half, we have a loss in these States of 18,000,000 of bushels.

"The whole product of wheat in 1860 was 173,104,000 bushels; of which the four States above enumerated produced 63,000,000 bushels, of which the four States above enumerated produced 63,000,000 bushels. It is not too much to count the loss in the other Western States at 11,000,000; and thus the Central West will have a deficiency, in all, of forty millions of barrels of flour and sixty millions of dollars. We would not exaggerate the case, but see no way, from the testimony of competent observers, to estimate the total loss at much less. At the same time, this is to be said on the other hand. The Agricultural Department estimated the crop of wheat in 1865 at 191,000,000 bushels, which is an increase on 1860 of 12 per cent. If this be correct, the ordinary crop of 1866 would be 212,000,000. A deficiency of 40,000,000 would be a deficiency of 20 per cent. on what the crop should be, but only 16,000,000 bushels less than the crop of 1860. If these estimates are correct, there will be an ample supply of wheat for the country, but a small surplus to export. We fear, however, that our estimate of the loss in the Central States is too small."

A WESTERN EDITOR'S EXPERIENCE.—Never will we forget the time we met our sweet Kitty in the center of a vast wilderness of briars in the old Buckeye State. Her eyes were as black as the berries in her basket, and as brilliant as those of the catbird chattering over her head; her lips were ruby red, her cheeks lily white, except a broad streak of purple fruit stain, reaching from ear to ear. Heavens! did she look lovely? Our own basket was full and we volunteered our assistance to fill that carried by Kitty. Often while plucking the melting fruit from some glorious cluster, her curls—Kitty had curls glossy and golden—her curls brushed our cheeks we thought very often; but it seemed somehow accidental. Somehow, too, we were always at work upon the same cluster, and Kitty's lips were very close to ours, when she turned to speak. At last Kitty's lips pouted, Kitty's eyes flashed and she almost succeeded in conxing into her smooth white brow one or two indignant wrinkles.

"Don't you think," said she, "that the other day when I was out here all by alone, that we were, Ned Jones, the naughty fellow, up and kissed me!" We didn't like Ned and we were very ready to say that he was naughty. "He just caught me this way," and her lips almost touched ours and we felt a violent thumping in the region of our heart, but she did't quite do it and the peril was soon over.

We felt all over that we were on the verge of being just as naughty as Ned, yet our bashfulness saved us. Still pouting, and we thought worse than ever, she placed both her hands on our shoulder and turning her sweet young face towards ours, said:

"You are a dear good boy! you ain't going to be naughty, like Ned was!" Heavens how our heart fluttered! we seemed losing our breath; and a moment after Kitty was saying:

"You are a very, very naughty boy!"

—Young Germans in London have been called to arms by the fatherland.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Irish bulls are dying from the rinderpest.

—William Billings, a pioneer of Cincinnati, is dead.

—When complete, the Italian army numbers 420,000 men.

—Jeff. Davis' ill-health arises from being too daintily kept and fed.

—Mrs. Jeff. Davis left Washington yesterday for Fortress Monroe.

—A new and dangerous crevasse has occurred six miles below New Orleans.

—The State Tobacco Warehouse, in St. Louis, was sold at auction for $132,000.

—All the flags at Washington were at half-mast on account of General Scott's death

—A man was arrested in St. Louis yesterday for a murder committed thirteen years ago.

—Last Sunday afternoon the treasury of Green Lake County, Wisconsin, was robbed of $80,000.

—The Executive Committee of Maryland Conservatives was in secret session yesterday, at Baltimore.

—The young ladies, bless 'em, are having their heads all coiled for the spring—like sweet little snakes.

—In the financial system credit is the principal cause of disturbance; for it is by credit that its equilibrium is most affected.

—It is believed that Napoleon's "*Life of Cæsar*" will extend to four volumes, as the second only goes as far as the passing of the Rubicon.

—A lad named James Bradley was run over and killed by a street car in Cincinnati. The driver was arrested on a charge of murder.

—A young lady, named Busher, living in Springfield, Illinois, was shot and killed by two boys who were carelessly handling a loaded gun.

—A young girl has died in Calumet from the effects of a rape committed upon her by a human monster named Wood. The villain is at large.

—Jemmie Donnelly married a girl in Buffalo, last week, after five minutes acquaintance. He must have been a five minute patent freezer.

—Eight hundred delegates are expected to be present at the Convention of Young Men's Christian Associations, which is to meet at Albany on the 1st of June.

—In some business where swearing to returns happens so often, an oath becomes a trifling matter. The following is the Custom House oath: "Take off your hat, hold up your hands, *schelpsyongodaquarter*."

—There is something exquisite in our countryman's reply to the European traveler, when he asked him whether he had just come across the Alps: "Wal, now you call my attention to the fact, I guess I did pass risin' ground."

—One of the London beer brewers paid license duty last year for more than 350,000 barrels, another for more than 400,000, a third for more than 450,000, a fourth for more than 550,000, and a fifth for more than 600,000 barrels. These five brewers together paid $150,000 license duty.

—In a personal altercation, at Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, between Major General C. S. Hamilton, late of the volunteer army, and R. A. Baker, Cashier of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank at that place, the former was twice shot by the latter, but his wounds are not very severe, and are not likely to prove fatal.

—A committee of one hundred influential citizens has been appointed in Cincinnati to collect funds for the erection of Mr. Pike's proposed new Opera House. The plan is that the requisite amount—$150,000—be raised by the sale of tickets at seventy-five cents each, good for two years, and admitting the bearer to one dramatic entertainment:

—A letter from Berlin, says the Natchez *Democrat*, received by a gentleman in this city, states positively, that John Wilkes Booth, who killed Lincoln, is in Berlin, playing an engagement at one of the theatres of that city. It adds that he expressed much surprise that there should be so much credit attached in this country to the story of his death. All bosh.

—General Tecumseh W. Sherman, at a banquet a night or two ago, at St. Paul, Minnesota, took occasion to defend his expedition to the Southern coast. He said Port Royal had been denounced as a failure, but, if it were the last word he expected to utter, he would say it was not a failure. No expedition, with the same resources, in the late war, produced one half the results.

—In a criminal court in London, the other day, William Robinson, a cripple, who could only walk by means of crutches, was convicted of stealing a watch in midday from a gentleman who was looking into a shop. It came out during the trial that the prisoner had been convicted several times before, and that, although only twenty-eight years of age, he had passed seventeen and a half years in prison.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas. may25:d42

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between HUMAN HAUPT AND JOHN Y. SMITH. In the firm name of J. Y. SMITH & CO., as Manufacturers, &c., was this day dissolved, by mutual consent.

HUMAN HAUPT.
J. Y. SMITH.

May 10th, 1866.—[e11:b8

HYGEIA BASE BALL CLUB.—The members of the

HYGEIA BASE BALL CLUB

Are notified to meet at the Law Office of McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO., on SATURDAY, June 2d, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Punctual attendance requested.

By order of the PRESIDENT.
jel:c

FOR SALE.

At Millvale Station, Pa. R. R.,

TWELVE AND A HALF ACRES, beautifully situated for a Country Residence, accessible both by rail and a good driving road.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
jel No. 105 Fourth street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES ROBB,

No. 89 Market Street, near 5th

Another large purchase of BOOTS AND SHOES for summer wear. We keep on hand a full assortment of every variety of Boots and Shoes, selected with the utmost care for this market. Invite special attention to our stock, as we believe it to be the best in the city, which we will sell at the lowest prices.

Please call at No. 89 Market street. Having had over thirty years experience in the business, you cannot fail to be suited. Remember the place, No. 89 Market street.

(jel:cll) JAMES ROBB.

WILLIAM C. LEE,
Successor to ALEX. GORDON.
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
No. 102 Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the "St. Louis" Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead Works. Dealer in PIG and BAR LEAD, SHOT, HEMP, FIRE CLAY, &c. Liberal assignments solicited and Orders promptly filled. my31:b94

J. & W. FAIRLEY

HAVING BEEN BURNED OUT AT 413 Liberty street, have removed their

Feed and Flour Business

To the Warehouse No. 356 PENN STREET, opposite the new Depot of the P. F. W. & C. R. R.

my31:b81

PRODUCE NOW RECEIVING.

2.66 pounds prime Fresh Butter;
200 boxes choice Cutting Cream Cheese;
300 bbls. prime Peach Blow Potatoes;
200 dozen Fancy Brooms, in store;
2000 pounds clear Side Bacon, in store;
500 pounds Hard Country Soap, in store;
100 boxes Rosin Soap, in store;
10 barrels prime Sorghum;
200 bushels Small Beans;
1 barrel pure Mountain Blackberry Wine,

In store for sale by H. RIDDLE,
jel:c12 No. 183 Liberty street.

SEWER ON PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.—All who are interested in the assessment made for the payment of the costs of paving the sewer on Pennsylvania Avenue, will please meet at the office of the City Recording Regulator, at 3 o'clock P. M., JUNE 2d, inst., at the request of the Committee, to hear their report. my31:c1

STRAY.—Came to the premises of Benj. Trimble, on Monday last, a SMALL RED COW,

With a star in her face. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take her away. BENJ. TRIMBLE.

PITTSBURGH, May 30th, 1866.—my31:b95

LOST—Was dropped on St. Clair or Federal street, on Sunday, a GOLD (Garnet Cluster) BREASTPIN. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to GAZETTE OFFICE. my29

FRENCH DECORATIONS—Panels, Mouldings, Gold Bands, Borders, Pictures, &c., of antique and modern styles, just arrived by steamer "Tripoli," for sale by

jel:1 F. MARSHALL.

FROM PARIS—Embroidered Muslin Imitations in Paper Envelopes, on green and wine colors, for sale by W. F. MARSHALL,
jel 67 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

FINAL NOTICE.

OFFICE OF ASSESSOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 22d Collection District, Pa., PITTSBURGH, May 31st, 1866.

ALL PERSONS WHO HAVE NOT yet made out their INCOME RETURNS for the year 1865, are hereby notified that after the 5TH OF JUNE, the Assistant Assessors will be directed to make assessments on all delinquents, according to section 116 Internal Revenue Law.

HENRY A. WEAVER, Assessor.

jel:c3

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, June 1st, 1866.

THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY has authorized the Board of Directors of this Bank to increase the Capital to the sum of TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, ($2,000,000), by the issue of TEN THOUSAND ADDITIONAL SHARES, amounting to FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, ($500,000).

The Board will estimate the amount to be paid for each new share taken by an addition to the par of Fifty Dollars, a pro rata valuation of the reserved profits and accumulated earnings, at the date of subscription.

Applications for Stock will be received until further notice.

By order of the Board.

jel:c7 H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

NATIONAL MILITARY ASYLUM.

The Managers of the National Asylum for discharged volunteer soldiers, authorized by Act of Congress, approved March 3d, 1865, has proposed for sites for Asylums by donation or sale. The premises must be situate in one of the Loyal States, contain at least 200 acres of land and be in a healthy location and easy of access by railroad or otherwise. It is the purpose of the managers to erect, without delay, extensive and permanent buildings for said Asylums, and its establishment will be largely advantageous to any section or railroad in the vicinity of its location.

Plans, specifications and estimates for Asylum buildings, including detached cottages, are also asked for the approval of the Board. Liberal compensation will be given for the successful plan.

Proposals, plans, specifications and estimates—the first named to be in writing, containing plot and description of grounds and terms and conditions of transfer—must be sent to Major General B. F. BUTLER, at Lowell, Mass., on or before the 20th day of June, 1866.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,
President Board of Managers.
LEWIS B. GUNCKEL, Secretary.

Papers entitled to publish the Laws of the United States are respectfully requested to publish this three (3) weeks prior to the 20th of June, inst. and send their bill, with copy of notice, as above directed. jel:c5

BOY'S CLOTHING.

JUST RECEIVED A VERY LARGE and select Stock of

METROPOLITAN,
KNICKERBOCKER,
HARNEY,
GARIBALDA, and
CUTAWAY SUITS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

Of the Newest Styles of CASSIMERE and LINEN GOODS, which we are selling at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

An early call is respectfully solicited by

GRAY & LOGAN,
47 St. Clair Street.

my29:b80

JOHN CROFT,

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Office, No. 139 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Has for sale the following Real Estate:

A large three-story Brick House, containing ten rooms, large halls; front room on first floor used as a Dining Store; hot and cold water and gas throughout the house. Lot 21½ by 56 feet. Situate on Chestnut street, Allegheny City.

44 ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND, situate at Edgewood Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, 7 miles from the city, on which there is a beautiful new frame dwelling, and a large number of bearing fruit trees of the best quality, and a good supply of water. One acre and 2 acres of ground will be sold separately if desired, and the residue in lots of 5 acres each, or larger if requested. The above land is admirably located for business men.

ALSO,

36 ACRES OF LAND, containing about 5 acres of limestone, of a splendid quality, and easy of access. The soil is of the first class, suitable either for farming or gardening purposes; good frame dwelling and barn, and a good supply of water, situate 3 miles from the city, on the Washington Pike, in Union township, being part of the Carter farm.

ALSO,

37 ACRES, well improved, and under a high state of cultivation, on which there are 1,300 bearing currant bushes, 200 bearing grape vines, 100 standard pear trees, and a large number of peach, apple and plum trees. Property situate on the old Washington road, in Scott township, six miles from the city. For further particulars inquire of the above agent. my23:b83

HOMŒOPATHIC HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY OF PITTSBURGH.

The Dispensary Department of this institution will be opened on

Thursday, May 31st,

For the Medical and Surgical treatment of the POOR, FREE OF CHARGE, and will be open every day (except Sunday,) between the hours of 11 O'CLOCK A. M. AND 12 M., at the Hospital Building, No. 146 SECOND STREET, above Smithfield.

PHYSICIANS ATTENDING:

On Monday, H. HOFMANN, M. D.
" Tuesday, D. COWLEY, M. D.
" Wednesday, L. M. ROUSSEAU, M. D.
" Thursday, C. G. S FOSTER, M. D.
" Friday, THOS. HEWITT, M. D.
" Saturday, J. BARNABY, M. D.

By order.

Hon. Judge McCandless, Maj. Wm. Frew,
Edwin Miles, Esq., M. Cote, M. D.,
J. C. Burgher, M. D.,
my29:b82 Executive Committee.

THE Pittsburgh Homœopathic Dispensary.

The originators of this enterprise, having secured and fitted up convenient rooms at No. 62 FOURTH STREET, for permanent operations, hereby give notice that this Institution is now prepared to dispense

Medical and Surgical Aid

TO THE

POOR OF PITTSBURGH AND VICINITY,

gratuitously, on and after THURSDAY, the 31st inst.

Dispensing hours 11 to 1 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted, until further notice.

A competent Physician and Surgeon will be in attendance. By order of

my29:b83 COMMITTEE.

OFFICE OF THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,

PITTSBURGH, May 25th, 1866.

We are authorized to announce that the U. S. Mint at Philadelphia is now ready to receive orders for the new FIVE CENT COIN, in sums of from Fifty to One Thousand Dollars. This coin will be ready for delivery in about one month. Orders must be accompanied with U. S. or National Bank Notes or Drafts on some National Bank at Philadelphia or New York, payable to the order of the Adams Express Company. The Express charges on all sums of Fifty Dollars and upward will be paid by the Mint.

GEO. BINGHAM, Agent.

P. C. DUFFY,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,

And dealer in STOVES, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, WATER COOLERS AND TOILET ARTICLES.

No. 146 Grant Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

This House is the Cheapest place in the city to buy Stoves and Tin Ware. Job Work promptly attended to. my29:b63

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

NO. 6 FEDERAL STREET,

Third door from Suspension Bridge,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Branch Store at Salem, Ohio. my24:b56

THOMAS S. SMITH.....JNO. S. SHAFFER.

SMITH & SHAFFER,

CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MANUFACTURERS,

Diamond Alley,

(Below the Market,) PITTSBURGH, PA.

my26:b98

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

55 *Diamond Alley, Pittsburgh.*

Orders left here or at Hand Street Bridge will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my2:b85

STEAM ENGINES

FOR SALE.

One 12 inch Cylinder, 4 foot stroke; one Upright, 10 inch Cylinder, 20 inch stroke, in good order, can be seen in operation at the Press. White Lead Works, Spring Garden, Allegheny.

PAHNESTOCK, HARLETT & SCHWARTZ.

my19:b68

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY FOR 1866.

JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman,.....Lawrenceville.
CAPT. W. N. ERWIN.....Temperanceville.
GEORGE F. GILMORE.....Pittsburgh.
GEN. A. L. PEARSON.....Lawrenceville.
WM. M. WILLS.....Pittsburgh.
COL. T. M. HAYNE.....Ross Township.
A. M. WATSON.....Sewickley.
DANL. O'NEILL.....Pittsburgh.
STEPHEN H. GEYER.....Allegheny.
COL. J. B. COPELAND.....Elizabeth.
C. C. TAYLOR.....McKeesport.
JAS. G. MURRAY.....Upper St. Clair Township.
GEN. S. B. M. YOUNG.....Robinson Township.
JOHN McELVY.....Wilkins Township.
GEORGE WILSON.....Pittsburgh.
JONATHAN NEELY.....Mount Washington.
JAMES DICKSON.....Neville Township.
A. B. GROSS.....Liberty Township.
MELCHOR VERNER.....Baldwin Township.
WM. P. MILLER.....Collins Township.
JOSEPH A. BUTLER.....Pittsburgh.

W. B. NEGLEY,
Chairman Union County Convention.

PITTSBURGH, June 1st, 1866.

The above Committee will meet on SATURDAY, June 9th, 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Office of WM. B. NEGLEY, Esq., corner Fifth and Grant streets, Pittsburgh.

jel:c12 JOHN W. RIDDELL, Chairman.

PUBLIC SALE

OF THE

OLD DR. SHOENBERGER MANSION LOT,

Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh.

Under an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, Pa., I will, on

Friday, June 22d, 1866,

At 2 o'clock, P. M., upon the premises, sell by Public Auction, that valuable and well-known House and Lot of land, formerly the residence of Dr. PETER SHOENBERGER, situate in the Fifth Ward of Pittsburgh, Pa., bounded by and fronting on Penn street one hundred feet, more or less, on the west by Adams street two hundred and twenty feet, on the east the same distance by lot now of Thomas S. Blair, Esq., and on the north one hundred feet, more or less, by Pike street, the house being a large double two-story Brick Dwelling, with out buildings.

The property will be sold as a whole or in parts, as may be found most advantageous. A plan of subdivision may be seen at the office of SHOENBERGER & CO., No. 83 Water street, or at the office of JAS. VEECH & SON, No. 58 Grant street.

Terms at sale, which will allow a liberal credit for part of price, if desired. Possession given April 1st, 1868.

jel:c16:TF SARAH F. SHOENBERGER.

AN ORDINANCE Relating to Vehicle License in the Borough of Temperanceville.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Temperanceville in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.* That all persons, firms or corporations owning vehicles of any kind in the Borough are hereby required annually, on or before the first day of May, to take out license for his, her or their vehicle or vehicles, which shall in no case not exceeding twenty dollars ($20) for each and every failure so to do. *Provided*, That this section shall not be so construed as to require the payment of license from farmers bringing their produce to market, or from strangers or travellers passing through or driving on the streets of said Borough, or from the owner or owners of any vehicles, the business or occupation of which lies entirely within the Borough limits.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer of said Borough to issue said license at the following rates: For a vehicle having two horses attached, three dollars, ($3). For a vehicle having two horses attached, and one extra horse, four dollars, ($4), and for a vehicle having four or more horses attached, five dollars, ($5), and for each and every license which he may grant, he shall issue a plate, having marked thereon the number of the vehicle and the year for which the same is issued, and the said treasurer shall, in addition to the above rates, exact and receive from the person or persons to whom license may be granted, the sum of twenty-five cents (25 cts.) for each plate. Said Treasurer shall receive five per centum of all proceeds of said license.

SEC. 3. *And it is hereby further enacted*, That no license issued under the provisions of this ordinance shall date from the first day of January of the year for which it is issued.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this 28th day of May, A. D., 1866.

SAMUEL CARNAHAN, Burgess.
Attest: S. H. FARNUM, Clerk of Council. jel:c4

AGENCY

PARKERSBURG LUBRICATING

Oil Company

Keep constantly on hand a supply of

STEAMED

Natural Lubricating Oil,

OF THE BEST GRAVITIES.

Free from all Impurities.

Every Barrel Warranted,

OR TO BE RETURNED AT THE COMPANY'S EXPENSE.

Address

JAMES B. THOMPSON, Agent,

WITH T. H. NEVIN & CO.,

N. W. Corner Third and Market Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my29:b78

GEO. COLHOUN.....W. B. EDWARDS.

COLHOUN & EDWARDS,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

SODA ASH AND CHEMICALS,

No. 24 Wood Street.

In store and landing in Philadelphia,

200 tons Soda Ash,
Kurtz's, Hutchinson's, and Crossfield's make
500 bags Nitrate Soda,
Crude and Refined
750 kegs Bi Carb Soda (English);
50 bbls. Venitian Red, Cookson's;

ARSENIC AND MANGANESE,

Of choice brands, constantly on hand.

In lots to suit purchasers.

my22:b4

425,000

HAVANA & PRINCIPE CIGARS,

INCLUDING

Cabanas, Partagas, Figaro,
La Espanola, Prince of Wales,
Cabarga, Arguelles,

And a variety of other brands of various sizes and qualities, Imported and for sale by

FISHER BROTHERS & CO., IMPORTERS,
No. 52 S. Gay st., Baltimore.

my22:a97

B. F. BROWN,

LATE

Local Claim Agent,

U. S. SAN. COM.,

Office, No. 67 Fourth Street,

(SECOND FLOOR.)

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pensions, Bounties, and Arrears of Pay Promptly Collected.

No charge made until claims are settled, and then but a moderate fee. my23:b59

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

No. 567 Liberty Street,

(Lately City Flour Mill,) SECOND FLOOR,

Are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny

Lump, Nut Coal or Slack,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my25:b79

R. B. JEFFRIES,

Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

No. 6 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa

A large assortment of MEERSCHAUM PIPES and SMOKING TOBACCO of the best quality kept on hands. my26:b51

WM. WIGHTMAN.....A. D. ANDERSON.

EAGLE OIL WORKS,

Lawrenceville.

WICHTMAN & ANDERSON,

Refiners and Dealers in

PETROLEUM.

OFFICE, SECOND STORY, CORNER HANCOCK ST. AND DUQUESNE WAY. my16:a24

JOHN MEGRAW,

MANUFACTURER OF

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

45 Hand Street.

A general assortment of Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my24:b31

$20,000 TO LOAN

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE,

Enquire of

G. M. PETTY,

(Successor to Jno. Petty, deceased,)

Commercial Broker, 13 St. Clair St.

my2:b9

WARDEN & BATCHELDER,

BROKERS IN

CRUDE AND REFINED PETROLEUM,

WHALE OIL, ROSIN, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, NORTH CAROLINA TAR, &c.,

Corner of Duquesne Way & Hancock St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Represent WM. G. WARDEN, 113 Walnut street, Philadelphia. my16:a28

$9,00. WHO CAN BEAT THIS! $9,00.

For Two Weeks Only.

I am selling a good FRENCH CALF SKIN BOOT, of my own make, for the small sum of NINE DOLLARS, at No. 36 Market street.

my25 DANIEL REA, JR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AMERICAN IRON WORKS.

JONES & LAUGHLINS,

PITTSBURGH.

MANUFACTURERS OF

AMERICAN AND CLAIR

Bar, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron;
Bridge Iron;
Angle and T Iron;
Guard Iron;
Coal Screen Iron;
T Rails, 16 and 20 lbs. to the yard
Tram Rails, punched and counter sunk;
Boiler, Bridge and Tank Rivets;
Cut Nails and Spikes;
Ship and Boat Spikes;
Railroad Spikes;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Wheels and Axles;
Street Car Wheels and Axles;
Coal-Pit Car Wheels and Axles;
Patent Cold Rolled Shafting;
Patent Cold Rolled Piston Rods;
Mower and Reaper Bars.

WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE,

120 Water and 158 Front Sts.

BRANCH HOUSE,

Nos. 22, 24 and 26 River St.,

jel:b15 CHICAGO, ILL.

MEN'S BOOTS.

BOYS' BOOTS,

Youths' Boots.

LADIES' BALMORALS,

LADIES' GAITERS,

MISSES AND CHILDRENS'

Boots, Balmorals

AND

GAITERS.

AT REASONABLE RATES,

AT

SOUTH & ROSS',

63 *MARKET STREET.*

my22:b

SAVE THYSELF.

A CURE FOR INTEMPERANCE.

Dr. S. Cutter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters.

The greatest Nervine ever discovered. The adding, while in the process of manufacture, to Scheidam Schnapps, the principal ingredient used in the English Bitters, makes it a perfect antidote to intemperance. Previous to the discovery of this principle, the Bitters made by the English public, celebrated as a Tonic and Alterative, in diseases of the St

...HORSES.

NOTICE.

...UNITED STATES PRIZE CONCERT, { ... & CO., Proprietors.
...RESPECT-
...to consideration of the
...ckholders and satisfactory reasons,
...ntend that a postponement
...ill be to the public and
...ntly. They are unable to
...

...all the Tickets and give
...hable all the Prizes,
...

...a quantity of tickets (as proprietors
...) and thereby enhance our chances of
...one large prize).
...was published in the Chi-
...ally papers of the 5th inst., and when the
...ing is over each agent will be furnished with a
...plete list of the drawn numbers.
...view of the reasons, which we hope will
...ve eminently satisfactory,

...E HAVE POSTPONED THE DRAWING
UNTIL THE
9th Day of July, 1866.

my29:264 WIGGINS, BRADFORD & CO.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that so much of the

Channel of the Allegheny River

As runs between the SECOND and FOURTH PIERS, from the Allegheny City end of the Hall Road Bridge, now being rebuilt by the

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway Company,

Over that River, between Pittsburgh and Allegheny, will be

NECESSARILY OBSTRUCTED

During the time of putting up the new superstructure of the Bridge, probably for about four months from the First of June, A. D., 1866.

R. A. GARDNER,
my16:a25 Chief Engineer.

NOTICE.—All delinquents who

have neglected and failed to pay the assessment made on the Capital Stock of the

WHITLEY CREEK OIL CO., OF PITTSBURGH,

and now over due, are hereby notified that unless they pay up on or before JUNE 1st, 1866, the property of the Company will be sold by the Sheriff for the payment of the indebtedness thereof.

my23:56d THOS. O'NEIL, Secretary.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

NOW IN STORE.

One of the most complete and best assorted stocks

LADIES' AND MISSES HOSIERY

to be found in the city, at very reasonable prices, together with a full line of

Ladies' Gloves,
Misses Gloves,
Gents Gloves,

LADIES' AND GENTS UNDERWEAR,

In Silk, Merino, Gauze Merino and Cotton. A complete assortment of

Morrison's Star Shirts,

Acknowledged by all to be the best Muslin Shirt in the market.

GENTS' FANCY NECK TIES,
FINE SILK SUSPENDERS,
COTTON AND MERINO HALF HOSE,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS.

Gent's Hemmed Linen Handkerchiefs,

A FULL LINE, AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

my20

NEW GOODS

AT

Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.

The attention of Wholesale and Retail buyers is directed to the list of arrivals

FANS, SUNSHADES, SUN UMBRELLAS, BONNET RIBBONS, FINE LACE COLLARS, FINE LACE HDKFS., LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS, BLACK SILK NETS, BLACK BUGLE TRIMMINGS, FANCY SILK DRESS TRIMMINGS, BLK. GUIPURE LACES, NEW STYLE GRECIAN BANDS, HEAD NETS, &c., &c.

NECK TIES, RUFFLINGS, MORRISONS, STAR SHIRTS, LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS, LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS, SUSPENDERS, HOSIERY GLOVES, BLACK SILK MITTS, NEW STYLES OF HDKFS., BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS, &c., &c.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.

my23

DRY GOODS!

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

Invite the attention of Merchants to their Stock, which, for variety, is one of the largest and most complete in the city, at the lowest eastern prices for Cash.

Dress Goods, Delaines, White Goods, Flannels, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds,

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' CASSIMERES,
BLEA. & BROWN MUSLINS,
PRINTS, GINGHAMS, CHECKS,
TICKINGS, CANTON FLANNELS,

Hosiery, Gloves, Shawls, Balmorals, Notions of all descriptions.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.
☞ Newgoods constantly arriving.
☞ Call and examine our Goods and Prices.

115 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON
my18:a26

NEW GOODS!

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

We are now opening an elegant assortment of NEW GOODS, embracing the richest styles of

REAL LACE GOODS,
RICH SILK PARASOLS,
ELEGANT FANCY FANS,
FINE BONNET RIBBONS,
NEW STYLE DRESS TRIMMINGS,
REAL GUIPURE LACES,
FINE PEARL BUTTONS,

We have just opened a beautiful lot of REAL CLUNY LACES AND INSERTINGS.

We would call special attention to a new and splendid assortment of

LADIES' AND MISSES' KID GLOVES,

Comprising FOUR AND WHITE KID GLOVES, GLACE in Tan, Pearl, Modena and Havana Shades, ... of new colors in KID GLOVES, ... MITTS—new styles;

...plete assortment of
...CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE;
...E SHIRTS, DERBY TIES, SCARFS;
... HALF HOSE, SUSPENDERS,
...&c.,
...QUET'S GAUZE MERIBOUNDER.

Merchants and Dealers.

...ersale Department, now well stocked
...thing in the NOTION LINE, which we
...e Trade as low as any house East or West.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

Agents for the "LOCKWOOD MANUFACTURING COMPANY," BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT at Manufacturers' Prices.

my22

NEW SPRING DRESSES.

Having just received a complete assortment of the leading Novelties, selected from the latest importations, we are now showing a very CHOICE STOCK

OF

NEW SPRING DRESSES,

Including many desided Novelties in Design and Material, at very Moderate Prices.

BATES & BELL,

my22 52 FIFTH STREET.

NEW GOODS!

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

We are now opening an elegant assortment of NEW GOODS, embracing the richest styles of

REAL LACE GOODS,
RICH SILK PARASOLS,
ELEGANT FANCY FANS,
FINE BONNET RIBBONS,
NEW STYLE DRESS TRIMMINGS,
REAL GUIPURE LACES,
FINE PEARL BUTTONS,

We have just opened a beautiful lot of REAL CLUNY LACES AND INSERTINGS.

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Comprising FOUR AND WHITE KID GLOVES, GLACE in Tan, Pearl, Modena and Havana Shades, ... of new colors in KID GLOVES, ... MITTS—new styles;

...plete assortment of
...CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE;
...E SHIRTS, DERBY TIES, SCARFS;
... HALF HOSE, SUSPENDERS,
...&c.,
...QUET'S GAUZE MERIBOUNDER.

Merchants and Dealers.

...ersale Department, now well stocked
...thing in the NOTION LINE, which we
...e Trade as low as any house East or West.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

Agents for the "LOCKWOOD MANUFACTURING COMPANY," BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT at Manufacturers' Prices.

my22

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1866.

ADVERTISING RATES
Established by the Pittsburgh Press.

STANDING MATTER.
One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 3-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	2 t. a week	2 t. a week	1 t. a week
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 25			
Five times	2 60			
Six times, one week	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00
Seven times	3 40			
Eight times	3 75			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 50			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	1 75
Three weeks	7 00	5 00	3 50	2 50
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	3 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	7 50	5 00
Three months	18 00	12 00	9 00	6 00
Six months	30 00	20 00	15 00	10 00
One year	54 00	36 00	27 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	11 00	7 00	5 50	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 50	8 50	5 75
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	42 00	28 00	21 00	14 00
One year	72 00	48 00	36 00	24 0

CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

(ADDITIONAL ON FIRST PAGE.)

The Allegheny County Liquor License Bill—Alleged Bribery of Members of the Legislature—Investigation.

For two days past the Committee appointed by the last Legislature have been in session in this city, continuing their investigation of the charge of bribery of members of the Assembly to secure the passage of the Liquor Dealers License bill. On Wednesday Messrs. Joseph R. Hunter, Capt. Gang, Senator James L. Graham, and Representatives John P. Glass Alfred Slack and George Y. McKee were examined, but nothing was elicited tending to substantiate the charge.

The Committee re-assembled at the Mayor's Office, yesterday. Conrad Eberhardt, a member and Treasurer of the Liquor League, testified that the Association had paid no money to secure the passage of the license law before the Legislature at its recent session. He had paid, on warrants from the Finance Committee, $1,000 to R. H. Kerr, for the purpose of having a bill prepared by him passed through the Legislature. One-half of this amount was paid two or three weeks before the meeting of the Legislature, and the other half two or three days before the bill was passed by the Senate. Mr. Kerr had stated that it was his bill which was to be presented to the senate. A Committee, composed of members of the Association, visited Harrisburg last winter, but he did not know for what purpose. They paid their own expenses. No special subscriptions had been collected by the Association to have a bill passed through the Legislature, and no money had been paid out for that purpose. William Scandrett, of Allegheny, and Hugh McAfee, of Temperanceville, were examined, but they knew nothing of the matter.

Hon. Thos. J. Bigham, Senator, testified that he prepared and assisted in having the bill No. 199, passed by Senate. He considered the liquor traffic has been a vexed one in this county for a number of years. We have a large number of persons engaged in the liquor traffic. We have also a very large, and at times active and energetic, Temperance element. These questions have more or less entered into the canvass for members of the Legislature for two years past. It was thought by a number of persons that if we had a law similar in its general features to that in operation in Philadelphia, this conflict in our local politics might be avoided. No public meeting was held on the subject, so far as I am aware, except the meeting of the Prison Inspectors, and the one held in December last referred to in the testimony of Senator Graham. I was present at the meeting of Prison Inspectors, at which the three bills alluded to were understood the Inspectors to desire to have a fund raised from that source for the purpose of building and sustaining a House of Correction, or Work House. The first bill I prepared was a single section extending the provisions of the act in operation in Philadelphia to Allegheny county. This bill was prepared in accordance with the understanding arrived at by the meeting alluded to. When I remitted the law to the county Treasurer he made objection to the complication of the Philadelphia law, and insisted that a new law should be prepared that its workings could be more easily understood. Senate bill No. 199 was accordingly prepared and was drawn up to meet the views of the Allegheney delegation. Special pains were taken to have the bill published in the Pittsburgh papers. The hostility to it did not develop itself until after its passage by the Senate. I never had any interview or correspondence with the Liquor League, or any member of it, on the subject of this bill until a Committee came to Harrisburg, while the bill was pending in the House. I know nothing, except by report, of the use of money in this connection. Do not know that the Committee used any pecuniary inducement to any member of the Legislature to secure the passage of the bill. Have no knowledge of money being raised by the Liquor Association to secure the passage of the senate bill No. 199, or of the Association paying any money for that purpose.

Question.—Have you any knowledge of a bill prepared by Mr. R. H. Kerr, in reference to the matter of licenses for Allegheny county.

Answer—I had one or more conversation, with R. H. Kerr on the subject of such bill, in Pittsburgh, before leaving home. He gave me a bill, of which I presume that now before one is a copy. I knew he took an interest in this question, and supposed he was employed to "turn sharp corners," and report what progress was being made at Harrisburg. Did not know whether he was paid or not. He would probably take more liberties with me than with any other member of the delegation at Harrisburg, in the way of making communications. He never offered or paid me any money, nor to the best of my knowledge to any other member of the delegation or member of either House. I knew he was exceedingly anxious that the bill which he had prepared should be passed into a law. He personally objected to several features in the bill No. 199 as too stringent on the liquor interest. I believe that efforts in the Senate to strike out certain sections in the bill were made at his instance. He declared that he would endeavor to have the bill modified in the House Committee or in the House.

Question.—Had you any objection, and if so, what, to the provisions of the bill which Mr. Kerr had prepared?

Answer.—I had objections to it, regarding it as one-sided—not sufficiently protecting the public. I told Mr. Kerr that the Allegheny delegation would not support such a bill as he had prepared.

Question.—Do you know whether the liquor dealers or temperance men offered to support any member, in a political sense, if they would sustain or defeat the bill?

Answer.—Do not know of any political advantage or inducement being held out to any member of the Allegheny delegation to vote for the Senate bill No. 199, or any other bill?

The Committee having examined all the witnesses, adjourned finally. They will prepare a report, giving the result of their investigation, which will be presented at the next session of the Legislature.

It will be observed that there was nothing elicited to substantiate the allegations of bribery.

The Soldier's State Convention—Selection of Committees, Delegates, &c.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of soldiers was held at the Soldiers, League Rooms, in City Building, on Wednesday night, for the purpose of selecting delegates and appointing committees to make arrangements for the Soldiers' State Convention, which is to meet in the city on Tuesday of next week, the fifth instant.

Capt. Robert Pollock was called to the chair, and Capt. Gus. L. Braun and John G. Brown chosen Secretaries.

The following committees were appointed: On Procuring Hall—Capt. Pollock John H. Kerr.

On Decorations—Gen. A. L. Pearson, Gen. J. T. Sample, Capt. Gus. L. Braun, Gen. F. H. Collier, Capt. Wm. McCall, John H. Kerr, C. C. Taylor, John G. Brown, Gen. J. S. Negley, Gen. W. B. M. Young, Samuel Chamberlain, Gen. J. K. Negley, Maj. J. B. Lawson, Capt. W. W. Irvine, Lieut. W. M. Hartzell, Capt. James Smith, Lewis Fritz, Alex. Murdock, Capt. J. G. McConnell, Col. John A. Slagle,

The Committee on Hall have secured the Academy of Music, on Liberty street, for the use of the Convention.

Orphans' Court.

Quarry residences at public sale, at the Court House, Saturday, June 2d, at 10 o'clock, A. M. viz:

Two parcels of beautiful ground near the quarry of John Murdock, Jr., on Squirrel Hill, each containing from eight to ten acres. On one of the lots are dwelling houses and numerous fruit bearing trees. Also, at the same time, lot 295 in Walker's plan of Elizabeth, on which is a two-storied frame dwelling. Title perfect. Late the property of John Dilion, deceased. Plans can be had at time of sale.

GEORGE W. NEGLEY, Trustee.

From the "Washington Republican."

We have given a very fair trial to the cartridge paper of Mr. Barnard, on a variety of paper for a week, and the conclusion we have arrived at is, they are a most excellent article. As a general thing we have preferred the gold pens to steel, for the reason the steel pens are often to be renewed, on account of corrosion; but this difficulty in a great measure is avoided in Barnard's carbonized pens, they being nearly equal in quality to gold pens as the best gold pen we have as yet used. We would recommend our commercial friends to give them a trial.

Sunday of the Peace.—Annie Bessenger

made complaint on oath against Matilda Dowling, before Alderman Shumberger, of Birmingham, charging her with a breach of the peace. The deponent alleges that the defendant is in the frequent habit of using obscene and profane language, and threatened to make her head smoke with a broomstick. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Matilda.

OUR EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Trial of Jeff. Davis—Gen. Grant's Visit West—Mexico and the Monroe Doctrine—The Recent Riot at Norfolk—Starving Poor of Alabama.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The morning papers have the following specials from Washington: It is now authoritatively stated that the government will not be prepared for the trial of Jeff. Davis at the approaching June term at Richmond, the inference from which is that the trial cannot come off earlier than October.

The Lieutenant General and Mrs. Grant, accompanied by General Dent, of the staff, will proceed from West Point to St. Louis, to be absent two or three weeks. The General expects to visit Nashville, Corinth, Memphis and intermediate places before his return.

At a meeting of the Union National Club last evening a resolution insisting on the application of the Monroe doctrine to Mexico, and favoring the endorsement of the proposed Mexican loan, was discussed, but laid over under the rules.

A Military Commission has been convened, by order of General Grant, and is now in session at Norfolk, for the purpose of investigating the causes which led to the recent riot in that city. The proceedings will be conducted with closed doors, and the evidence will be submitted directly to General Grant.

Gov. Parsons, of Alabama, has addressed a letter to General Howard, urging the necessity of the Bureau increasing its distribution of rations. By a recent census of that State, forty-three out of fifty-two counties return 32,921 destitute persons, and he averages the starving poor at 64,000. During the war Alabama lost 40,000 men, one-half heads of families, and there are 60,000 white widows and orphans. They could raise no crop last year on account of the presence of armies, and the legislature at its recent session authorized the issuing of state bonds for the purpose of procuring food, but they have failed to make these negotiable, and the Governor proposes coming North to put them in market for provisions. The citizens who are able contribute freely, and the mortgaging of farms and crops to raise food is almost universal. Feeble women and decrepit old men walk miles to obtain rations, and it is quite customary to meet frantic mothers on the roadside crying with their starving children. There are 100,000 destitute whites and blacks, and to the 20,000 to which rations are now issued daily during May, he urges that the number be increased for June to 30,000. Their wheat and potato crop gathered in daily will give great relief, and it is believed the number of rations after August can be materially reduced.

The Situation in Europe—Position of the French Government.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Letters just received here, from a high authority at Paris, state that Louis Napoleon is earnestly trying to maintain peace in Europe. He wrote a very important letter to the King of Italy, in which he declared himself in the strongest terms against his, "the Italians' warlike policy." Embassadors from England and Russia have united their efforts to arrange, in some way, a settlement of the present difficulties.

The French Government decla red itself ready to act upon some counter proposals, but took the position that it was impossible to assemble any conference that would not be a general one, including the representatives from all the European powers and Germany.

This was communicated by both Embassadors from Russia and England to their respective Governments. If they assent, a preliminary conference would be immediately held, composed of France, Russia and England, at which the questions likely to be submitted to a general Congress would be drafted and considered.

This does not absolutely assure a peaceful solution of the threatening European difficulties, yet it is deemed very important as showing the posture of the French Government, and how it is possible, if not even probable, that at the very verge of war a collision may be avoided by the interference of the neutral powers.

Railroad Accident—One Killed and Several Injured.

CLEVELAND, May 31.—The train from Sandusky to-day, which stopped for a broken engine three miles west from here, was run into by the day express from Toledo. One lady, were unknown, was killed, and four or five more seriously, and several slightly, hurt. President Newton, of Toledo road, and Superintendents Rucker and Flint, are doing everything in their power for the relief of the injured. There will be no detention of travel, as the track is not disturbed. We will give the names when obtained.

North Carolina Convention.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The North Carolina State Convention continued its proceedings yesterday. A report was received from the reconstruction committee in reference to the rights of certain acts concerning the rights of persons of color. The report recommends the unrestricted admission of the testimony of colored men in all cases where negroes are parties to suits, their free migration, their right to bear arms and the making of the law to punish negroes with death for the attempt at rape on white women applicable also to white men.

Fenians Concentrating at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, May 31.—More Fenians arrived here last night. Their numbers are now about one thousand in the city, and more are expected. Nothing can be learned from the men. They state they are laborers bound to California. They have apparently no arms, but it is understood plenty are secreted here. It is pretty generally thought a raid on Canada from this point is their present intention. There is no excitement here, and no one believes in the success of any movement they may make.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The steamer Costa Rica, with San Francisco dates to the 11th, has arrived at this port from Havana. Certificates of freedom have been given to the emancipated by some of the planters, lately, on condition that they contract for a term of years at nominal wages, a great many of the freedmen accept the condition.

Five Spanish men-of-war left the harbor hurriedly and mysteriously on the 23d, on a mission as yet unknown.

Steamer Gen. Sedgwick Seized.

NEW YORK, May 31.—United States Marshal Murray has seized on the steamer Gen. Sedgwick, from Galveston, with 5,000 rounds of ammunition, and fifty revolvers, consigned to the Adjutant General of the Ku Klux Brotherhood. From correspondence which fell into the Marshal's hands, it appears that the property was stolen from one of the Federal camps in Texas.

From the West Indies—Conflagration at Barbadoes.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Advices from the West Indies of the 15th, state that Governor Eyre was about returning to England. Two cases of cholera had appeared in Kingston, but were not fatal. A riot had broken out in Trinidad, but was quelled by the military.

A disastrous conflagration had occurred in Barbadoes.

STATEMENT OF THE REAL ESTATE SAVINGS INSTITUTION, on the 30th day of April, 1866.

ASSETS.

Bonds and Mortgages, (being first liens on Real Estate,)	$206,367 66
U. S. 5-20 Bonds	70,400 00
U. S. 1881 Bonds	26,000 00
Ohio 6 per cent Bonds	100 00
Interest due May 1st, on above, (not yet realized,)	3,500 13
Office Furniture	365 50
Cash	42,629 76
Total	$349,842 25

LIABILITIES.

Amount due Depositors	$320,180 71	
Amount due Depositors, Interest May 1st, 1866	8,416 89	
		$328,597 60
Balance Contingent Fund		21,244 75
		$349,842 25

The above is a true statement.
A. A. CARRIER, Treasurer.

The undersigned Auditing Committee, have examined the Books of the Institution, the Bonds, Mortgages and Securities, and counted the Cash, and find the foregoing statement correct.

WM. H. SMITH.
H. CHILDS.
W. B. COPELAND.

OFFICERS OF THE INSTITUTION.

President—ISAAC JONES. Vice President—W. B. COPELAND; Solicitor—E. BRADFORD TODD.

TRUSTEES—Hon. T. M. Howe, Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Isaac Jones, C. Ross, Jacob Painter, Harvey Childs, W. B. Copeland, Wm. H. Smith.

Interest allowed on Deposits in this Institution at SIX PER CENT. per annum, payable to the Depositors in May and November, when it is drawn, will be added to the principal and compounded.

Interest commences on Deposits on the 1st and 15th days of every month.

Open for Deposit from 9 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., daily; also, on Saturday evenings from 6 to 9 o'clock. my7:2tsd&w3 OFFICE—63 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE FIRM OF DAY & HAYDEN

has this day been dissolved, the entire assets of the firm having been purchased by J. A. HAYDEN & SPANG.

J. F. DAY.
T. S. HAYDEN.

PITTSBURGH, May 16th, 1866.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned having purchased the entire stock and assets of DAY & HAYDEN, purpose continuing the business of the late firm at Nos. 45 WOOD, and 102 and 104 THIRD STREET, under the style of DAY, M'ABOY & SPANG.

J. F. DAY.
J. L. M'ABOY.
NORMAN SPANG.

In announcing the above change, we beg leave to say to the trade that we shall continue the business of Manufacturing and Importing SADDLERY HARDWARE in all its branches, and desire to call special attention to our own Manufacture of STAGE HAMES of all descriptions, IRON HAMES, WROUGHT POINT BITS, &c., which we believe to be the best in the market for this and the Western trade. We shall at all times keep a full and complete assortment of everything in our line, which we shall be glad to sell at lowest market rates.

By giving prompt personal attention to orders, we hope to merit and receive a liberal share of your patronage.

DAY, M'ABOY & SPANG.

mp24:b34

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

JAMES B. OLIVER becomes a member of our firm, dating from April 12th, 1866. Name and style of firm unchanged.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS.

PITTSBURGH, May 18th, 1866.

MONONGAHELA IRON WORKS.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Carriage and Tire Bolts, Nuts and Washers,
Wagon Bolts, Plow and Wagon Bolts,
Bridge & Machine Bolts, Tuyere Irons,
Coach Screws, Pipe Hooks,
Wrought Iron Hinges, Sad Irons, &c.

☞ WORKS AT SOUTH END OF NEW MONONGAHELA SUSPENSION BRIDGE.

WAREHOUSE—Water and Market Streets, Pittsburgh. my21:a26

$2,200 WILL PURCHASE

A TWO STORY

BRICK DWELLING

And LOT 24 by 80, on Chartiers street, Allegheny City. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, No. 164 Fourth street. my15:a28

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN.

THE QUEEN OF

HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in VIRTUES.

Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.

An infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.

It is no Hair Dye.

It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff; and curing all humors of the scalp.

It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.

It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.

In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life, use

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.

my30:b92

☞ PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT GMOUND CIRCULARS.

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Mule, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-Steel; Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. my26:1y

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,

Nos. 26, 28, 34 and 36 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and upon terms equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. dec15

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER, SOLDERS, Ingot Copper, and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 14, FIRST and 109 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MIMS & MILLIKEN,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, Patent Wrought Nails and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

☞ JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 SECOND and 86 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, Chairs and Settees, suitable for all purposes.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. au2

☞ MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY,

Or Advice and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my22:b6:d&w7

☞ SENT FREE—A Pamphlet

of immense importance to the afflicted and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Howard Association, KENDRICK & CO., Box 2, Boston Post Office. my22:1yd&w

POLITICAL.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION,

22d DISTRICT.

The UNION REPUBLICAN VOTERS of the 22d Congressional District are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections in the various Wards, Boroughs and Townships, in said District,

On Saturday, August 11th,

And elect TWO DELEGATES from each election district, to meet in County Convention on TUESDAY, AUGUST 14th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of making a nomination a candidate for Congress.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the wards and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M. The judges of the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.
W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.

WM. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.
R. W. THOMAS. } my24:b6-d&w F

THE UNION LEAGUE, that defeated Treason at the polls in 1863,

will re-organize for its defeat in 1866. Every loyal member of the Union party, to its principles and nominees, is invited to participate in calling meetings and electing officers, especially a delegate from each local Council to the State Grand Council which is to assemble in Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of June next.

Patriot Brothers, every interest of the country demands unity of action. Fall into line! Close up the ranks! Prepare for battle!

Newspapers favorable to the cause will give insertion and notice.

By order
V. P. of S. & C.

P. S.—Allegheny County Council will meet on WEDNESDAY, the 6th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the FREMENS' ROOM, in the Market House. my26:b60

☞ CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, his name is now presented by them as a candidate for nomination for Congress for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap7:tf

☞ CONGRESS

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT. mh9:lmd

☞ CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh15:6wd

BANKS AND BANKERS.

BANKING HOUSE.

N. HOLMES & SONS

Bankers,

No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES

Bought and Sold on Commission.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

INCLUDING

United States Sixes of 1881;	
Do. do 5-20s,	
Do. Fives of 10-40s;	
Do. Seven-Thirties;	
Do. Certificates of Indebtedness.	

Orders and Vouchers bought or collected. ja18:1y

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, No. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

Open daily from 9 to 2 o'clock, also on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received in sums of not less than One Dollar, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year without trouble to the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twenty years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.
VICE PRESIDENTS:

John G. Backofen,	Robert Robb,
Benj. L. Fahnestock,	John H. Shoenberger,
Jacob Herbman,	James Shields,
James McAuley,	Alexander Speer,
James B. Scaife,	Christian Yeager.
Isaac M. Pennock,	A. M. Pollock, M. D.,

TRUSTEES.

Wm. J. Anderson.	James D. Kelly,
Calvin Adams,	Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley,	Peter A. Madeira,
George Black,	John Marshall,
Hill Burgwin,	Walter F. Marshall,
Alonzo L. Carrier,	John H. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton,	John Orr,
Wm. Douglas,	Henry L. Ringwalt,
John Evans,	Wm. E. Schmidt,
John J. Gillespie,	Alexander Tindle,
William S. Haven,	William Vaskirk,
Peter H. Hunter,	Wm. Penn Wyman,
Richard Hays,	Isaac Whittier.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAS. R. D. MERRIS. ja31:d&w7

BORING TOOLS.

PETROLIA MACHINE WORKS.

R. H. LECKY,

No. 23 Ohio Street, Allegheny.

Manufacturer of IMPROVED BORING TOOLS, AND FIXTURS USED IN SINKING OIL AND SALT WELLS.

Particular attention invited to his Patented improvements in Jars and Joints, made of Pentaits, U. S., and Low Moor iron, in standard sizes, and numbered, so that parts can be ordered by mail or telegraph, and found to suit in all cases.

We also furnish ropes, bewing, small tools, &c., to those who may wish it. Engines and machine work made to order, and repairing promptly executed. I am prepared to grant licenses to other manufacturers interested in these improvements on liberal terms. Box 17 Allegheny P. O. de18:1ydaw

R. H. LECKY.

STARCH! STARCH!!

50 boxes Watt Madison Pearl Starch;		
100	"	Corn "
50	"	Oswego Silver Gloss "
50	"	Corn "

For sale low to the trade, by the agents,

SHOEMAKER & LANG,
my14 173 and 175 Wood street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

LARGE LOT.

The First Reformed Presbyterian Congregation of Pittsburgh, (Dr. DOUGLAS, Pastor,) offer for sale their property located on the corner of Plum and Cherry alleys, and but 20 feet from Liberty street. The lot is 120 feet by 165 feet, on which are the Church Building, and a Tenant House of 4 rooms. Inquiries may be made of, or communications addressed to THOS. SMITH, at the Fourth National Bank, or to R. C. MILLER, 133 Third street. my24:2d&w

FINE RESIDENCE

FOR SALE

IN ONE OF THE BEST PORTIONS OF ALLEGHENY CITY. A large and thoroughly finished two-story Double Brick Dwelling, containing 11 rooms, spacious and airy halls on both floors; pantries, closets and a burglar proof safe. The ample grounds surrounding the mansion abound in choice grapes and fruit, and shade trees. A stable and Coach House, with other out-buildings, combine to make this a first-class residence. For particulars, apply to

R. E. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
my22 57 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)

SEWICKLEY COUNTRY SEAT

FOR SALE.

A superior double two-story Brick Dwelling, with back building, containing twelve rooms and bath-room, with marble mantles and general good finish. About one acre of ground, with extensive grape arbor and good fruit trees. Five minutes' walk from Sewickley Station. Hourly trains on the P. F. W. & C. R. R. make this as convenient as any of the nearer suburbs of the city. Apply to

R. E. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
my22 57 Fourth street, (Burke's Building.)

64 ACRES OF LAND,

WITHIN THREE MINUTES' WALK OF

HOMEWOOD STATION, PENNA. R. R.,

FOR SALE.

TERMS LIBERAL.

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 96 Grant street, Pittsburgh.

my28

COAL AND LIME PROPERTY

FOR SALE.—On the Steubenville Rail

PH. R. MERTZ.

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

THURSDAY, May 31, 1866.

Gold has still further advanced, being quoted in New York to-day a 129¾@130. This advance, it is said, was brought about by the manipulation of a clique, who have bought seventeen millions on speculation, and they will leave nothing undone, in order to run the figure up to the very highest point, when they will sell out, and turn "bear" again. Government bonds are firm but unchanged at 109¾ for 1881's; 102 to 102¾ for old and new Five Twenties; 96¾ for Ten Forties, and 102¼ for Seven Thirties. Old Five Twenties are offering here at 102¼, but there are but very few buyers above 102.

Our local money and stock market remains without decided change. Bank stocks are firm and in demand, but holders do not seem disposed to sell at the figures offered. Insurance shares are very dull, and the same remarks will apply to oils. Compromise bonds are in demand at 72¼@73. Allegheny County 6 per cent bonds (old) are wanted at 74 to 75, and Allegheny City 5 per cent bonds at 69.

—On Monday there was a terrible tumble of Erie Railroad shares in the New York market, caused by unfavorable reports circulated in regard to the condition of the Company's affairs. A speculative director (understood to be Mr. Drew) has been selling the stock short for some time past, and has done all in his power to run down its price. The statements circulating in the street respecting the Company's affairs require thorough examination by the officials of the company, in order to protect innocent stockholders from loss. The decline in price during the day was from 67 to 63¾. The reports current reflect as well on the integrity of some of the officers as on the solvency of the company. The whole matter shows the impolicy of continuing as officers of a company men who will speculate in its stock, or, indeed, in the stock of any company.

—It is stated that a bill to amend the National Currency act, prepared by the Controller, will be introduced in the House this week. The following is an abstract of its provisions:

It authorizes the issue of $100,000,000 of circulation in addition to the $300,000,000 now provided for, to be secured in the same manner.

Not more than $10,000,000 of the additional amount may be issued within six months from the passage of the act, and not more than $50,000 to any individual banking house. Existing State banks of good standing which apply for authority to become national banks before the 1st of October, 1866, shall receive such authority, provided that such banks in States which have heretofore issued the least ratable amount of circulating notes shall have preference in receiving such authority.

The entire circulation allowed to State banks becoming National banks shall not exceed $150,000,000. In organizing new banks preference shall be given to such States and Territories as have heretofore failed to secure their ratable proportion of circulating notes, to so equalize the apportionment of the whole $400,000,000.

Every National bank in New York, Boston and Philadelphia shall keep on hand an amount equal to 25 per cent of its circulation and deposits, and when this reserve shall fall below 25 per cent, such bank shall not increase its liabilities by new loans or discounts otherwise than by discounting or purchasing bills of exchange, payable at sight, nor make any dividend of its profits; but Clearing House Certificates, representing money deposited for Clearing House purposes, may be deemed lawful money on hand. If a bank shall fail for 30 days after the notification by the Controller, to make good its reserve, the Controller may appoint a receiver to wind up its business.

—The bankrupt bill which passed the House of Representatives a few days since provides that district and circuit courts have jurisdiction that any person owing debts of $300, in inability to pay, and willingness to surrender his estate, shall be adjudged a bankrupt, a warrant to be issued for a sheriff to possession until an assignee is appointed. The duties of assignee are defined. It provides for an examination before a court; distribution of the estate; creditors to share *pro rata* without preference, except wages to clerks and operatives under $50 a month; first, costs of court; second, debts to the United States and State assessments; third, wages; fourth, debts having priority by law. It provides, also, for the discharge from all debts after compliance, and provides punishment for frauds. Seven days confession of judgment, and fourteen for commercial paper shall be an act of bankruptcy. The act takes effect for officers after proninations petitions to be filled before the first of November next.

—Foreign advices, two days later, report a continued recovery in financial affairs in England. On Monday night it was expected that the failures of parties connected with the larger establishments, whose suspension has been recently announced, but these cases are much fewer than might have been expected. It is also a favorable symptom that the failures in the provinces, especially Liverpool and Manchester, are comparatively few and unimportant; and that at those points are no grave apprehensions of further failures, the tendency being toward a recovery of confidence, rather than to panic. These indications favor the supposition that the condition of affairs previous to the panic was less generally unsound than was supposed.

New York Finance and Trade.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The *Post's* money article says the loan market is easy at 6@7 per cent. Commercial paper is scarce and passes at 6½@8. The Stock market is dull, but firm. Governments are well sustained and Railroad shares are strong, with the exception of Erie and Pittsburgh. Before the first session New York Central was quoted at 97¾; Erie, 59¾; Michigan Southern, at 80¾; Cleaveland and Pittsburgh at 86¼.

At the one o'clock call New York Central closed at 98; Erie, 60¾; Reading, 109¾; Michigan Southern, 80¾; Pittsburgh 84¾; Northwestern, 28¾; Northwestern, preferred, 58¾; Rock Island, 92¾; Fort Wayne, 97¾.

Later, Erie sold at 61. Foreign Exchange is firm. The quotations for bills at 60 days on London, are 108¾@109¼; for commercial, 109; for bankers; do. at short, 110¼@110¾.

Money continues easy, at 6@7 per cent, on call. Sterling, 107¾@108¾. Gold firmer, opening at 138¾, declining to 138¾, advancing to 140, and closing at 139¾. Government Stocks steady and moderately active, and ½ better.

In honor of the memory of Gen. Scott, the regular and open Stock Boards, the Petroleum Board and Gold Room, the Produce Exchange, Custom House and other public institutions, will be closed to-morrow.

Stocks firm; Chicago and North Western, 28¾; do. preferred, 58¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 86¾; Michigan Southern, 80¾; Michigan Central, 107; Hudson, 113½; Reading, 109¾; Erie, 60¾; New York Central, 98; Western Union Telegraph, 60¾; sixes, 1857, 122¾; do. '81 Coupons, 109¾; 5-20 Coupons, 1864, 102¾; do. '65, 102¾; Tennessee Sixes, 90¾; Treasury 7-30s, second series, 105¾; do. third series, 105¾.

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The sub-treasury is disbursing very heavily on account of the redemption of certificates of indebtedness. Gold has been active during the morning, and higher apparently two days' business having been crowded into one, in consequence of the adjournment of the business of the street to-morrow. From present indications it does not appear that the export on Saturday will exceed two and a half millions.

There is a moderate movement in foreign exchange. Less was done in sight bills, and sixty days bills have rather more currency.

Prices of mining stocks had in Boston to-day: Central, 6; Crystal Falls, 14; Franklin, 45½; Hancock, 29½; Boston Water Power, 59; Minnesota, 13½; Quincy, 46; Waverly, 5¾; Bay State 15¼.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The market was steady and quiet, with a fair trade doing.

Brown Sheetings—Atlantic H, 24; do E, 20; do H, 24; Amoskeag A, 24; do B, 22; Appleton A, 24; Atlantic A, 25; Atlantic H, 24; Augusta, 24; Brookside, 22½; Conasauga, 24; Edwards' A, 24; Indian Head, 24; Laconia B, 22; Lanark, 19; Laurel C, 21; Medford, 21½; Nashua Extra, 21; Stark A, 24; Stark E, 20; Stirling Mills, 24; Merrimac, 18; Amoskeag, 18c; Arnolds, 17½; Garner, 21; Merrimac D, 21; do W, 22; Pacific, 20; Richmonds, 19; Sprague's Hills, 21; Sprague's Long Cloth, 20. Shirting Stripes—Shirting Blenched—Gerrelts, 30; 30; Bates X X, 26; Bay Mills, 25; Forest Dale, 30; Greene Manufacturing Company, 29; Hamilton, 28; Harmony, 25; Lonsdale, 30; Lonsdale, Cambrille, 32; Naumkeag W, 22; do C, 20; Newburyport, 24; New Market A 22½; S. Y. Mills 42½. Cambrics—Manville, 14; Washington, 15½. Corsets—French work on Batts, 4.00@15.00; gothic, 1.50@12.30. Shirts—J W L, standard, dress shirts, No. 25, per dozen, 16.00; No. 15 do, 25.00. Hoop Skirts, Brady's Duplex, elliptic, per dozen hoops, 9.75@11.65; Bradley's Empress Trail, 1.25; Myers IXL wide tapes, 70@1.10; J C Kelly's Gotham, No. 60, 33@40; do No. 70, 45@50. Spool Cotton—Clark's O N T, 6 cord, 1.00; Hadley, 87½. Ginghams—Caledonia, 21; Glasgow, 23½; Hartford, 21½; Lancaster 24@27.

Potatoes in Detroit.

DETROIT, May 30.—The market is somewhat improved this morning of a demand once more for shipment. There are few to be had, with round lots of prime per bush for peachblows upon the track. We note sales of 300 bushels at 85c, in bulk, bagged, at the expense of the seller, with sacks furnished by the buyer; 400 bbls at 82.50, and 2 car loads in bulk at 70c per bush, all peachblows.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 31, 1866.

The produce markets were moderately active to-day, and while the advance in gold has imparted a little firmer feeling, there is no quotable change in values.

GROCERIES—Coffee is very firm, with sales of fair at 27½ to 28, and strictly prime at 28c, now held by some dealers at 30. Sugars firm but unchanged; Brown may be quoted at 12½ to 14¾, as to quality; Crushed, 17½; and "A" and "B" Coffee Sugars at 16¾ to 16¾. Porto Rico Molasses selling at 75 to 85, and Rangoon Rice at 10¾.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm and in good demand; sales of Northwestern and Clubat $2.20 to $2.25. Oats coming in more freely, but the market is firm and prices are looking up; sales of 2 cars sc levator at 55, and 1 car on track—sacked—at 57. Corn is firm but too irregular to quote correctly. Sale of 1 car Rye at $1.

FLOUR—Is quiet but firm and prices are well sustained. Sales from store in a regular way at $10,50 to $11 for Spring Wheat; $11,50 to $11,75 for half Spring and half Winter, and $12@13 for Winter. Rye Flour is selling at $6,50@6,75.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm but unchanged, at 14½@14¾ for Shoulders; 17@17½ for Ribbed Sides; 21¼@22 for Plain Sugar Cured Hams, and 22@23c for Canvassed do. Lard is selling at 22½@23 for prime city. Mess Pork is held at $27,50@28 per bbl—full weight.

POTATOES—Quiet and a little dull but unchanged. We continue to quote at $1,20 to $1,30 per bush, and $3,40 to $3,50 per bbl. Sale of 1 car prime Peach Blows, in lots, at $3,40 per barrel.

BUTTER—Is not very active, though there is not a very large stock in this market. Prime would sell at 25, but holders generally are asking 27@28.

EGGS—The demand is improving and prices are a shade higher—sales reported at 23@23—generally in the trade at 22@25.

CHEESE—Western Reserve is selling at 16 to 17, and Goshen at 21@22.

HAY—Is selling in a regular way from sales at $25 to $30 per ton.

OIL—Sales of No. 1 Lard at $1,85@1,85.

SORGHUM—Is more active but unchanged. Sales at 55 to 60 for good to prime.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 31, 1866.

CRUDE—There was some little stir in the Crude market to-day, occasioned principally by one of our largest refineries buying nearly six thousand barrels, but aside from this there was but little done, though there was a firmer feeling, and prices ruled a shade higher. Sale of 5000 bbls, in bulk, at 14½; 600 in bulk, at 14⅝; 119 at 14¾, bbls returned; and 110 at 19⅝, bbls included—total sales reported, six thousand three hundred and twenty-nine barrels, which is more oil than has been sold the entire week. Towards evening, there was also considerable inquiry for shipment, but several lots could have been sold at 19¼@19½, packages included.

REFINED—There is no improvement in the demand for bonded oil, and the market continues dull and weak, and buyers are asking for still further concessions. It is but proper to state, however, that there is very little oil offering, as our refiners do not seem disposed to enter into new contracts at present rates, and, besides, the great majority of them are sold for sixty days ahead. We have but a single sale to report, one thousand barrels for August, on private terms.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of oil were a little larger to-day, and as there is a prospect of a rise in the river, the receipts will doubtless be much larger within a few days. The following were reported:

Jas. Wilkins..... 201 | Mackeown & Co.... 10
Mawhinney & Co. 100 | J. T. Stockdale..... 55
Dunbar & Dunlap 200 | Ecky & Robbins..... 21
W. P. Logan..... 44 | Ballard & Pilley..... 65
D. J. McCrum..... 23 |
Total..... 718

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 31, 1866.

CATTLE—The transactions in cattle were remarkably large thus week, and with more favorable advices both from Philadelphia and New York, there was an improved demand, but notwithstanding the market ruled firm, prices have undergone but little change as compared with last week. The receipts were larger than for some weeks past, but in point of quality, the offerings, upon the whole, were hardly up to the usual standard, yet, all the fine cattle sold at from 9@10c, and there was a very full rates. Prime to extra fat steers, suitable for retailed in the eastern markets may be quoted at 8¾ to 8¾, though we were unable to learn of any sales having been effected above 8¼. It is but proper to remark, however, that there were some few droves of extra on sale which would have brought 8¾, but they were held at 9 cents, and the holders being unable to realize this last named figure shipped them on further east. Common to medium cattle sold at from 4@7c.

SHEEP—The demand for sheep was rather better than last week, and as there was a slight falling off in the arrivals, prices ruled a shade higher, and common to good fat mutton sheep sold at from 4¾ to 5¾, though 5¾ was regarded as an outside rate, and none but strictly prime sheep brought petties to be filled before the first of November next.

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Potatoes in Detroit.

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New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Cotton dull and unchanged, at 29@30c for Middling. Flour opened more active and a shade firmer, but closed dull and 5@10c lower; $8,25@8,90 for Extra State; $9,50@9,80 for common to good shipping brands of Extra Round Hoop Ohio; and $9,80@14 for Trade Brands Whisky steady; Western, $2,20@2,27. Wheat opened quiet and firm, closed dull and 1@2c lower, at $2,15@2,18 for good to prime New No. 1 Milwaukee, and $2,70 for prime Old Amber Michigan Corn, under large receipts and the present desire to realize, with an advance in foreign freights, declined 3@4c per bushel, at 78@80c for damaged new Mixed Western; 80@83c for Sound do. afloat; closing at 80@81, 83@84c for Western Yellow, and 86c for old Mixed Western delivered. New Oats dull and le lower, at 54@55c for Western; one cargo of State sold at 58c. Petroleum dull at 27@27½c for Crude, and 43c for Refined, in bond. Pork steady with a fair business at $30,31,@30,50 for new Mess, closing at $30,34, cash; $25,25@25,75 for old do, and $24,50 for prime do. 1,500 barrels New Mess, for June, July and August, sellers' and buyers' option, at $30,25@30,75. Beef steady, at 16@21c for new plain Mess, and $21,50@24,50 for new extra Mess. Beef Hams firm at $17@18. Cut Meats steady at 12¾@13¾c for Shoulders; 17@18¾c for Hams. Bacon quiet and nominal. Lard quiet and steady at 19@22½c. Butter heavy at 30@35c for Ohio, and 30@42c for State. Cheese quiet at 18@20c.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, May 31.—Flour active and steady, at $10,25 for No. 1 spring, $12 for red winter, and $15 for double extra. Wheat lower; sales last night of No. 1 Milwaukee club at $2,05; today higher prices were asked, but the market opened and closed quiet. Corn opened steady but closed quiet and nominally lower; No. 1 Illinois, 74c. Oats held at 80@81c for Illinois. Other grain is scarce and nominal. Canal Freights dull; flour 38c, wheat 9½, corn 8, oats 10 for New York. Lake Imports: 300 bbls flour, 51,500 bu wheat, 23,000 bu corn. Canal Exports: 400 bbls flour, 35,000 bu wheat, 7,800 bu corn, 74,000 bu peas.

Philadelphia Iron Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.—Pig metal, is held at full price, with sales of 800 tons No. 1 foundry at $42; No. 2 do at $40, and forge at $35@37. The inactivity in Scotch pig which we have recorded for some time past still continues, and prices are wholly nominal. Bloomsare scarce, there is very little inquiry, and no sales have been reported. The market for manufactured iron continues in the same dormant state which we have chronicled for some time past, and prices are unchanged.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 31.—Flour active. Wheat dull and declined 1@1½c; sales at $1,65@1,65 for No. 1, and $1,10@1,11 for No. 2. Corn dull, at 53c for No. 1, and 52½c for No. 2. Oats dull, at 42@43c for No. 1, and 39@40c for No. 2. Rye dull, at $2,23. Freights dull and declined 1@2c on corn to Buffalo. Receipts—Flour 5,600 bbls; wheat, 40,000; corn 219,000; oats 170,000. Shipments—Flour, 7,000 bbls; Wheat, 18,000 bush; Corn, 419,000 bush; Oats, 48,000 bush.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, May 31.—Flour and Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn 1c lower; No. 1 Mixed, at 86c. Oats closed quiet, at 43@44c for No. 1 Chicago. Other grain nominal. Pork quiet and firm, at $31. Lard, 22@23c. Whisky nominal. Canal freights dull to New York, Corn 11@12c. Canal exports: Flour, 154 bbls; Wheat, 10,394 bush; Corn, 125,503 bush; Oats, 11,584 bush.

Milwaukie Market.

MILWAUKIE, May 31.—Flour dull, at $10,00 for Spring Extras. Wheat steady and quiet; $1,78 for No. 1. Corn steady; 52½c for No. 1. Oats dull; 39c for No. 1. Receipts—Flour, 10,000 bbls; wheat, 68,000 bus.; corn, nominal; oats, 16,000 bus. Shipments—Flour, 5,000 bbls.; wheat, 139,000 bus.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—Flour quiet; Superfine, $8@8,25; Extra, $9@10,00. Wheat firm; Spring, $2,50@2,60; White unchged. Rye advanced to $1,20. Corn firm, at 88c. Cotton steady, at 40@41c. Whisky steady; Ohio, $2,28, Pennsylvania, $2,25@2,25.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, May 31.—Flour firm; Western Extra Spring, $1,50. Wheat dull and scarce. Corn steady; Yellow, 91@92c. Oats firm, at 78c. Provisions steady; Lard, 22¾c. Whisky dull and scarce; Western, $2,28@2,29.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, May 31.—Flour dull. Wheat steady; sales old Amber Michigan at $2,57; new $2,50; Amber $2,50; new white $2,35; No. 2 Milwaukee $2. Corn unchanged. Oats is steady. Lake freights dull and nominal.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—Cotton dull. Flour is steady and unchanged. Wheat unchanged. Corn easier, at 90@75c. Oats lower at 41. Pork $32. Bacon unchanged. Whisky firm at $2,21.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—Flour and Wheat dull. Whisky firm, at $2,24 in bond. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Lard 21c. Gold 1,37.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. May 31—2 cars metal, Bryan & Caughey; 2 do do, Jas Wood & Son; 100 bbls potatoes, Ed Gannon; 400 bbls flour, Kunhart; 2 cars barley, Jos. Shomaker & Lang; 200 bbls flour, D Wallace; 1 car potatoes, W A Green; 1 do do, I. H Voigt & co; 30 tons iron, Sellers & co; 400 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang; 2 cars wheat J S Liggett & co; 1 car staves, J M Hemphill & co; 2 barrels eggs, John Floyd & co; 20 bxs cheese, E Milliken; 14 do do, R Bishop; 300 bbls flour, D Jenkins; 100 do do, C R Leech; 100 do do, J Greer; 100 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & co; 100 do do, Watt & Wilson; 50 bbls high wines, Jos Shipton & co, 1 hhd bacon, 2 bbls tallow, Graf & Reiter; 5 bxs. cheese, R Dalzell & co; 186 do do, N J Braden; 22 do do, Seghmyer & Vosgamp; 5 hhds tobacco, J M Hemphill & co; 1 do do, John Grazier; 1 car potatoes, Stevens & co; 1 car wheat, Shomaker & Lang; 1 do oats, Culp & Shepard; 5 bbls eggs, 2 do bacon, H Beck, jr; 15 pkgs eggs, Isaac Mevis; 36 sks scraps, Seibert & Baer; 1 car rye, Keil & Richtart; 4 cars wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 2 do do, D Wallace; 184 sks barley, 16 do buckwheat, H Rea jr; 100 bbls flour, Knox & & McKee.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. May 31—120 bbls potatoes, Keil & Ritchart; 1 case gum, Reymer & Bro; 122 sks potatoes, I H Voigt & co; 30 ton pig iron, Symth & Co; 1 bbl paint, J K Hamilton; 25 bxs cheese, J E Canfield; 38 bbls pot ash, J Dalzell & Son; 35 sacks potatoes, Owens & Miller; 10 bxs cheese, S Ewart & co; 1 mill saw, Lippincott & co; 100 bbls flour, Graham & Thomas; 100 bxs candles, B C & J H sawyer; 11 sks feathers, E Edmundson; 37 bdls paper, Godfrey & Clark; 20 rolls leather, Delauge & co; 1 car corn, H Rea jr; 1 bbl eggs, Campbell & Brown; 60 bdls chairs, Hammer & Dauler; 25 do do, Dauler, Close & Jones; 1 bbl eggs, 12 bxs cheese, T C Jenkins; 22 bxs cheese, Graff & Reiter; 18 do do, Shomaker & Lang; 13 sides bacon, McCullough, Smith & co.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI R. R. May 31—6 cars oats, Ammon & Scott; 2 do do, Keil Ritchart; 2 do do, Wm Bingham; 3 do do, Herron & co; 1 do do, John A Mason; 1 do do, S B Floyd; 7 do wheat, D Wallace; 1 do corn, W J Meek; 3 do do, Culp & Shepard; 32 hhds cake, Emil Shalk; 8 sks tea, W F Noble; 30 bbls plaster, S S Fowler; 36 pkgs fish, Geo Boyd; 100 bbls flour, Jas Gardiner & Son; 200 do do, E H Myers & co; 1 car potatoes, W J Meek; 2 cars rye, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 1 car corn, S B Floyd & co; 1 do barley, S Harbaugh & co; 2 cars grain, W J Meek.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 31.—212 sks oats, Stewart & co; 1 car brick, J Craig; 100 barrels flour, E Knox & Son; 4 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro, 1 car corn, J Lockart; 1 car staves, C Scoplin; 7 kegs pearl barley, 4 do cornmeal, R P Getty; 1 car lumber, H Roberts; 1 do do, Dehaven & Son; 1 do do, H T Price.

RIVER NEWS.

The river was swelling slowly last evening, with about three feet eight inches in the channel by the pier marks. A telegram from Oil City yesterday reported the Allegheny rising with three feet in the channel at that point. The weather continues clobdy and unsettled, with every appearance of more rain.

There has been no arrivals from below, aside from the Parkersburg packet, and the Revenue from Portsmouth. The Chieftan and Fayette arrived and cleared for Brownsville, and the Leni Leoti, from Parkersburg, is due here this morning.

Business was quite active at the landing, yesterday, the offerings of freight being fair, and the trade was characterized as unusually lively in appearance. The Robt. Moore is loading for Cincinnati, and the Glasgow, Argonaut and Columbus is announced for St. Louis. It is thought that there will be water enough to let all these boats out within the next few days. The Glasgow and Argonaut are already partially loaded.

The Revenue leaves for Portsmouth about noon to-day, as does, also, the Leni Leoti, for Parkersburg.

The Crafton, a new stern wheel boat, built, we believe, for the Arkansas River trade, arrived from Brownsville on Wednesday night. She is a very neat and substantial looking steamer, and is, we have no doubt, well adapted for the trade for which she was built.

The Chieftain and Fayette left for Brownsville with good trips last evening, but each appeared to have a large number of passengers. The Fayette had a pleasure party on board composed of ladies and gentlemen of this city.

All the steamers in port yesterday had their colors at half mast, as a tribute of respect to the memory of the late Lieut. General Scott.

The Silver Cloud, Capt. Hare, and the Citizen, Capt. Hare, were advertised to leave this port, for Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

The Cincinnati *Times* is responsible for the following:

We hear that Captain Wm. Anderson's new steamer, Col. Dick Gray, has created considerable of a stir in the steamboat circles above Louisville. She is very popular with the busines and traveling community, with the ladies particularly and has also gained the entire good will of all the Fenian Brotherhood, who have presented Captain Gray with a most delicately worked and brilliantly colored pair of green silk slippers. The "Church Calitope" is to be put on also. As the boat had considerable of her furniture, crockery, &c., lined and stripped with green, and had also a fine band on board, we can readily preceive why the Feinians, Head Center and all, were so quickly imbued with the idea of going on a grand excursion. She is also understaid, to have a present of a superior piano forte, and a green harp to hang between her stacks. Donald Gray is a veteran commander, of many years standing. We hope this splendid steamer may be always as favorably known, and prosper all her days. Should such dimensions as would unfold Ireland strangers to think her a New Orleans or Texas packet.

OIL WORKS.

SUPERIOR OIL ENGINES.

We are constructing, and will keep on hand, perfer style of

OIL ENGINES

WITH EITHER A CORLISS OR TUBULAR BOILER.

We invite parties needing engines for this purpose to call and see them, corner of PIKE and O'HARA STREETS, Pittsburgh. ALLEGHENY WORKS.

mh28:d&w3m MACKINTOSH HEMPHILL & CO.

SUGARS—150 bbls. Coffee Crushed Sugar; 75 bbls. Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars, for sale by REYMER & BROS., my9 Nos. 128 and 130 Wood street.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA U. S. MAIL PACKET COMPY.

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Elec's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE.....CAPT. M. A. COX.
TELEGRAPH.....CAPT. D. HUGHER.
CHIEFTAIN.....CAPT. Z. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN.....CAPT. CARLILE

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., and 5 p. m. except Sunday, when the departure will be at 8 o'clock, a. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 5 p. m.; Brownsville daily at 5 a. m.

RETURNING—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 12 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 2 p. m.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They are commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.

FREIGHTS RECEIVED AT ALL HOURS.

For further particulars, enquire on board, or

At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant st., Pittsburgh. L. CULVER, Agent.
Brownsville, Pa.

my21:b100

PEOPLES' LINE OF STEAMERS,

(INCORPORATED.)

Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville and Geneva.

This Company will run a daily boat between the above points, comprised of the new and splendid side-wheel steamers CHIEFTAIN, R. K. ARMAS, commander, and ELECTOR, ROBERT PHILLIPS, commander. (The Elector is now being completed and will take her place in the line in a few days.)

The Chieftain will leave Pittsburgh for all points on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 5 P. M. Returning, leaves Geneva for Pittsburgh on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 9 A. M., and Brownsville at 4 P. M.

The Company will have a first-class Wharf Boat at Monongahela City and Pittsburgh. Freight received at all hours. No charge for commission on Eastern freight.

This line will not run boats on the Sabbath.

For further particulars enquire on board, or to JOHN S. CONNINGHAM, Agent, at the Wharf Boat, foot of Grant street. mh10:8md

REGULAR PACKET FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.—The fine steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. C. R. STULL, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports every TUESDAY, at 4 p. m. Returning, leaves Zanesville every FRIDAY, at 7 am. J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

STEEL WORKS.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO JONES, BOYD & CO.,)

Manufacturers of the best refined Cast Steel, Square, Flat and Octagon, of all sizes, Saw Plates, Hoe, Fork and Sheet Cast Steel, Cast Steel for

REAPING AND MOWING MACHINES,

STEEL PLOW WINGS, SPRINGS, AXLES, CIRCULARS, &c.

Cast and Common Plough and Spring Steel,